### SMASH THE STATE! HAVE A NICE DAY!

The American **Dream! The rest** of the world's **NIGHTMARE....** 

WEEKLY WORLD anarchy



New study reveals

4 out of 5 AMERICANS prefer VIOLENCE to SEX

Nine out of ten prefer slavery to freedom



DECORTICATE CHRISTIANS **Another zombie for Jesus!** 

PROTEST GOES BETTER with coke, but the University of Missouri still prefers apartheid

WHAT IN THE HELL IS **GOVERNMENT?** 



VISUALS(CLIFFORD PETER HARPER 1981 LONDON)





## **News in Review**

## **Definitive Proof REAGAN SUFFERING FROM** PINOCCHIO'S DISEASE





BEFORE OPERATION

AFTER OPERATION

While the media has been reporting that President Reagan's recent hospital visits have been to "retard the growth of a cancerous nasal pimple," Weekly World Anarchy has come across proof (see photos), that Reagan is suffering from a chronic case of Pinocchio's Disease.

Although Reagan has been a known liar since his movie days, only after persuading his military doctor, Gen. Practitioner, did we gain medical proof

"This is not a new development," said the doctor, "in my 25 years with the White House, I've seen every leader suffer from it." But Practitioner went on to say that "what is most alarming is how advanced a case" Reagan has.

"Once I cut eight inches off, only to have three inches grow back in a few hours," he said. "I'm afraid it's hope-

Asked whether Pinocchio's Disease

was cancerous and could affect the brain, the doctor explained that while it is not a cancer in the medical sense, it certainly is a blight on society. Under pressure, Practitioner admitted that the only reliable cure is to remove the host

from society.

As for its effects on the leader's brain, the doctor pointed out that Reagan's mental faculties have been deteriorating since birth and any effects on what is left could only be minute.

From the Daily Barbarian (No. 7/Fall 1986), c/o Urbane Gorilla, POB 02455, Detroit, Mi. 48202.

## **GO FOR IT, PAT!**

some snotty bully in uniform has an amazing effect on most people. They get mad. And they stay mad, some-times for the rest of their lives. So whenever I hear of cops stomping the citizenry, I always hope that as long as it had to happen, it may have happened to one of those ardent defenders of the tatus quo. You know the type--they run around braying that you don't know what you're talking about when you re-call your own sad experiences, but when the fist of injustice punches them in the nose, they expect everybody in the world

to feel sorry.

In truth, there's no argument so convincing as experience. That's why I say, now that all kinds of warning voices have been raised, in vain, about the trend to religious fascism in America, maybe a dose of government of the sort that the bible-nazis want will wake up the dozing millions.

Pat Robertson, the goof evangelist,

is just the bastard to give it to 'em, and the way I figure it, after a year or the way I righter it, after a year of two of this jesus-cretin in the White House, Americans will puke when you say the word "Christianity."

Now, Robertson of course hasn't yet decided to run. Oh, sure he hasn't;

and incidentally the moon is also made out of green cheese. What is the evangelical cockroach waiting for? Why, to hear "the word of the lord," naturally, without which voice of holy delusion he

Readers! Call him up! Get the moron on the phone and explain that you are the Holy Ghost. Possibly sound effects will be necessary: "Wooooo, Paaat you. I order you to run for president!

Daddy says to too, bye." An imbedile of his calibre ought to be totally floored. But don't worry if your call can't get through; I'm certain that the Rev'll get the message. Even now voices from outer space are probably echoing through the spectral cavity near this goon's infinitesimal frontal lobes.

nitesimal frontal lobes. Believe me, you can fool all the people most of the time, and most of the people all of the time, but once you start walking on their faces some glimmer of your true nature begins to faintly impress on their vestigial intellect.

So let this ape run for president, and I know the voters, in their "wisdom", will as ever unerringly elect the most fascistic, idiotic, insincere thug that the so-called democratic process can dredge up. Robertson's a cinch.

If getting pushed around a bit by the local gestapo can turn folks sour on that variety of "public servant" (as Huey Newton used to say, "if they're public servants, how come they won't shine my servants, now come they won't shine my shoes?"), having a tent-revival redneck dictate public policy for four years ought to accomplish what we atheists have tried to do for the last hundred.

Sure, I know I might have to leave the country, or risk winding up in a religious concentration camp, where the crucifix of the gentle Christ can be battered down the throats of unwilling victims. But hey! Have a nice day, you Americans!

From The Match (No. 81/Fall-Winter, 1986-7), POB 3488, Tucson, Arizona 85722.



The Community DIALOGUE, 916 Futerne St., New Orleans, LA 70130

#### or, LET YOUR FINGERS DO THE SABOTAGING

When Jerry Falwell got a toll-free white male heterosexual Christians. number, a strange thing happened: People When an 800 number is dialed and hung 1988 elections. Robertson's strength lies 800-621-2847 Morton-Thiokol. \$318 circulated the number and made so many up on when answered, it costs that in his ability to raise huge amounts of million in defense contracts, prank phone calls that he had to pay organization one dollar (\$1.00!!) for that cash--through tv appeals, tool-free phone 800-343-0660 Morton-Thiokol Alpha. up the service. This was called "The charges continue to add up so it is even number above, Robertson also has a toll- Over \$1 billion in defense contracts. Falwell Game."

make America safe for right-thinking it costs them even more.

800-446-0700 This is the number for I mean. number of tv viewers of his "Christian" outspokenly anti-gay and anti-pagan. Broadcasting Network and bilk them out of 800-USA-ARMY The Army. millions of dollars annually, but he is also 800-247-0507 The Navy. is proving to be a formidable candidate for for Marine recruitment. I DECLARE THEM TO BE MY ENEMY ... the Republican nomination and may 800-843-8762 First-time-through

become an influential power-broker in the number for Marine recruitment. hundreds of thousands of dollars and give call. If conversation is engaged, phone lines, and direct mailings. Besides the 800-221-4064 ITT Communications. better to be chatty and talk the bastards' free number for his "heads-up" program, 800-525-7436 Honeywell. They make The goal of "The 800 Club" is slightly cars off. Request to be on their mailing 800-446-READ; call that number helmets, navigation systems, explosives, broader. There are plenty of toll-free 800 lists (sign up friends, family, etc.); again, during the daytime. Also write to his and chemicals. Whewl numbers for many different organizations. it costs them to send their propaganda out "Freedom Council" in Virgina Beach, VA 800-334-9141 Accuracy in Academia. Some serve legitimately helpful purposes, and if the postage paid envelope is returned 23463 for info on his presidential "Accuracy" means a fundamentalist, The numbers listed below are working to (preferably stuffed with something heavy), campaign, or write to CBN at that same conservative interpretation of events: address for tickets to a 700 Club show. Evolution is wrong, gays are sinners,

So, for all of you who enjoy making 800-368-3336 This is Jerry Falwell's America was in Vietnam to protect the harassing phone calls, here's some new number, an advice number for freedom of the Vietnamese, and we would deserving numbers worthy of your pregnant women and girls. I don't think be protecting the freedom of the contras they offer many choices, if you know what even more if we weren't hampered by

Pat Robertson's "700" Club. Not only 800-HIS-LOVE Prophecy Countdown-- classes and harasses teachers who disagree does Robertson regularly deceive a large these people are very off the wall and with them. They were formed from

Accuracy in Media. 800-732-7463 National "We Tip" running for the presidency of the U.S. He 800-535-3280 Prior service number is for turning in information about criminals, like people making harassing

phonecalls to 800 numbers.

Hotline. Not quite the FBI or CIA, but it

inaccurate liberals. This group monitors

## **News in Review**

## The Sad Truth

#### Most dangerous leader?

Once again Jack Anderson has Once again Jack Anderson has shown his ignorance by nominating "the messianic mullah of Iran, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, as the world's most dangerous leader." Despite the obvious limitations to his power, such megalomaniacal leaders as Mikhail Gorbachev of the USS and Ronald Reagan of the US didn't even receive honorable mentions!
I guess we have to point out once again, to people too ideologically blindered to see the reality of our situation, that it is not Khomeini who sits with his fin-gers poised over the button which could unleash nuclear war. Despite the untold suffering of the ongoing war between Iraq and Iran, both Gorbachev and Reagan hold far more power over far more people and far more developed technologies of destruction than Khomeini could ever hope to see. And neither has shown much reluctance to use any of the op-tions of annihilation available to them, witness the wars in Afghanistan, Nicaragua, El Salvador, Vietnam, etc. Ultimately it is Ronald Reagan, the ruler of the most powerful and one of the most ruthless nations on earth, who should get the award for currently being the "most dangerous" person in our known universe, and it is up to us to destroy that power

## Jesus implicated in abduction by christian

Last fall a 12-year-old St. Louis boy was taken on an 11-hour school bus ride from St. Louis to Lee's Summit by a 32-year old christian who told authorities "Jesus made me do it." However,



the driver, who was headed for Sedalia, got lost and ended up in Lee's Summit, possibly because Jesus gave him erroneous directions. The bus driver is now in jail, however Jesus's whereabouts remain unknown, and it was not indicated if police are still on the lookout for him.

## Grandmother given 23-year sentence for nudity with grandson

In December, a local jury found a de-year-old gradmother guilty of two counts of child abuse, first-degree sexual abuse and promoting child pornography on the basis of photographs taken by her husband showing her naked with her l4-motth-old grandson. The sexually repressed jury reportedly "sat stone-faced" as the prudish prosecutor, Suzanne Lohman, said, "I could talk and talk and talk purphaps it's just better to look."

The grandmother, Patsy Urban, and

her husband were arrested after an Illinois film processing lab sent photographs to local authorities. The pictures of Patsy Urban and her grandson were all taken by her husband, owner of Creative Eye Photography, who is also charged with identical crimes. Bonne County assistant persecutor Lohman pointed out as particularly damning evidence that in some of the photos, Urban was supporting her breasts with her hands, moving them closer to her grandson's face. One of the photos even showed the child eating a marshmallow from her breast. The persecutor did not reveal whether it would have been legal for the grandson to eat a marshmallow from Urban's breast if she had been wearing a bra. Nor did Lohman reveal if she would seek the death penalty for any mothers caught allowing themselves to be photographed as they suckled their own children.

## Lesbian mother denied visitation rights

A homophobic Jackson County judge recently ruled that a divorced Kansas City, Missouri mother, who is a lesbian, could not have her children stay with her overnight if the woman's lover was present. Guardian of civilized morality, judge Jack Gant, said the rul-



ing was in the best interests of the couple's four children because nomosexuality is illegal in Missouri. The judges order stated that "The children because the posed to a lifestyle which is in conflict with the values they are being taupit in school and church and which is potentially harmful to the psychological and social development of the children." Judge Gant failed to reveal whether or not it was his exposure to an authoristrain, heterosexual lifestyle which was responsible for his own retarded psychological and social development.

## Recycling downplayed by city bureaucrats

The City of Columbia's new recycling program lost more than \$6,000 in its first five to store than \$6,000 in its first five to store than \$6,000 in its first five the control of operation according to a recent report from the Public Works Department. Almost 1,200 people participated in the month of November, but the program has been hampered by a mayor and city council who are less than enthusiastic, and a Public Works Department which refuses to advertise the program. Hoping that the project will fail, Mayor Rodney Smith, long a critic of recycling efforts, Smith, long a critic of recycling efforts,

has said that continued losses will doom the project.

Despite regional and national problems with declining available landfill sites and escalating landfill costs, city politicians and bureaucrats would prefer a system in which recycling is ignored. Even though Columbian's already have demonstrated an extraordinary commitment to recycling for possibly because of this) in their adoption of a city-wide returnable beverage container ordinance, the Public Works Department continues to avoid publicity for the program, making participation dependent on a few newspaper stories and word of mouth. Despite the obstacles, 2,190 resi-

Despite the obstacles, 2,190 residents have so far asked to be included in the program.

#### Collage means prison

An East German was sentenced to eight months in prison for displaying a collage of news chippings which allegedly "publicly degraded the state order," according to sources in West Berlin, Lars Matzke, 20, was arrested after posting a collection of clippings from the stateron press on the outside of his apartment door,

## JUST SAY NO TO ALL DRUGS

I'm mad as hell about Ronnie and Nancy's new war on drugs. "Because you're in favor of allowing America to be weakened by drugs and ripened for the Soviet picking," you ask. DEAD WRONG.

I'm inad as heil because Ronnie and Nancy are both anti-drug wimps--they don't go far enough. In fact, they virtually maintain a conspiracy of silence regarding the vast majority of dangerous, mind-numbing and ultimately crippling drugs. "How do they do this?" you might say. By making a piddiy-ass distinction between "legal" and "illegal" drugs, you numb-skulls!

When is America going

to wake up about this? Just take a look at some of the statistics, and you'll realize how frightening Reagan's phoney, smokescreen "drug war" really is.

A recent survey indicates that 15 million American youths aged 12 to 17-more than 50% of that age group--have tried alcohol and more than II million have smoked cigarettes! Researchers believe that there are 113 million alcohol users in the U.S. and more than 60 million nicotine-addicted smokers! And this is only the tip of the proverbial iceberg. There are hundreds of millions of prescription drugs imbibed by housewives, politicians and businessmen across the country. Not to mention the caffeine epidemic which claims more addicts than any illegal drug ever will.

Official figures from re-

Official figures from reports released during 1970-72 recorded that the U.S. had 9 million alcoholles there-how many more must there be now? In the early 1970's it was reported that 25 million adults were using Valium, and the Class of tranquilizers which includes why Valium) at a rate of 5 billion

MY AMERICA By ED ANGER

pills a year. And besides this hundreds of thousands of our children are being officially drugged in our schools often against their wills. One-fourth of the American female population in the 30 to 60 age group abuses psychoactive prescription drugs on a regular basis.

I say we need to expose this cover-up NOW! If only 5.8 million Americans are using cocaine, why does it get all the attention? Why not all the breweries and distilleries, the bars and the liquor stores pushing with the liquor stores pushing the liquor stores pushing the liquor stores pushing the liquor stores pushing the liquor stores are liquor stores and liquor stores provided the liquor stores are liquor stores and liquor stores are liquor stores are liquor stores and liquor stores are liquor sto

decover operations when it would be so much easier and effective to use our tax dollars to wipe out the tobaccorop and the tobacco industry once and for all. Specious distinctions between legality and illegality shouldn't stand in our way if we're going to be serious about stopping drug abuse! After all, alcohol is far more dangerous to far more people than occaine will ever be. Tobacco has killed thousands of times more people than marijuana ever will. And think of all the

mindless speedheads hopped up on caffeine --surely they represent a far greater danger than the small percentage of psychos who use LSD (and a far larger percentage of criminals, tool).

If you insist on being a stickler about laws, I say,

"show your true colors." If you're really against drug abuse, support the passage of laws to imprison brewers, rehabilitate smokers, and screen for caffeine-users. Go for the king-pins of the real drug industry-execution for the owners of the alcohol and clgarette industries; life imprisonment for their boards of directors and their high-level dealers. Make the manufacture of all drug paraphernalia (like ashtrays and cigarette lighters) a mandatory felony. Continued on last page



GOVERNMENT IS SLAVERY.

## **Radical News in Review**

## The Badguy Report

are shunning their stocks because of the apartheid issue. This concern has been noted in the business pages of the New York Times in its discussion of the reasons behind the maneuvering of IBM and General Motors. These corporations have not stopped doing business in South Africa (despite what their public rela-

is clear that many of the companies are feeling the pinch as their stocks are seen as investment options by fewer and fewer. Again we ask why, if it makes no difference, has the university decided to divest from South African concerns that have not signed the Sullivan Principles? Or was that merely a bit of win

## **Shantytown lives**

Every once in awhile a confrontation over an issue shoves before the public's eye the putrid laundry of capitalism, and the contradictions, ironies and humiliations pile up so quickly that it's hard for a passionate soul to sit still long enough to write about them. The last case like this was the Stephens Park fight where despite public outcry the park was permanently disfigured with the blessing of the Columbia City Council, Daily Tribune publisher Hank Waters and the Planning and Zoning Commission.
In the end, of course, the corporate medical nemesis said, "Forget it, suckers; we changed our mind," and left the rolling hills looking like a badly reseeded construction site. The murder of Kim Linzie by the

Columbia Police might have been another such issue, except for the failure of white liberals to in any way question the authority and integrity of the police, and, most shamefully, their failure to demand an independent investigation of the matter. Now we hear the City of Columbia will pay the Linzie family \$200,000 to \$250,000 to drop their \$50 million suit. Undoubtedly they realize they are up against the same kind of embedded racism and authoritarianism that Kim would not accept. And they've decided to come out of this round alive. But the murder and the insulting pit-tance offered to "settle" things will long be remembered in the angry hearts and minds of Columbia's black community and of others who care about justice.

It's too bad the Linzies can't bring Kim back and buy her a new car with the money. And it's too bad we all can't resurrect her and pin a gold medal on her proud chest for not submitting to the assholes with the guns who blew it

And now in a funny way the guestions of property rights, profiteering and racism are back with a roar, Missourians Against Apartheid had tried for years, as had numerous groups before them, to raise the issue of the university's investments in companies which directly or indirectly do business In South Africa with only one or two instances of success. Part of the problem is that the issue at first glance seems as remote as the targets are intractable.

But the issue is so clear and straightforward, that surely almost no one believes the University of Missouri officials' rhetoric and rationalizations
The system of racial segregation called apartheid, the domination of blacks and other people of color by the white mi-nority, the police state which routinely murders, imprisons, evicts and censors all potential obstacles to white hege-mony--all of these must end. The most effective way to ensure this is the re-moval of international capital from South Africa. The international social movement which demands divestment is making itself felt. Corporations are clearly concerned that major investors



ITS LAWS ARE COBWEBS FOR THE RICH

Shantytown demonstrators on university campus last fuil.

tions people would like us to believe). IBM and GM have merely changed the way in which they do business. In-stead of directly producing and selling their products in South Africa, they now peddle their wares through a licensing arrangement with a company owned by South African business interests. IBM South African business interests. IBM and GM and a number of other corporations are trying to skirt provisions of laws and resolutions which prohibit hundreds of institutions including several states, over a hundred colleges, count-less numbers of pension funds and the

like, from investing in corporations which have not been designated "South Africa-free." The movement which is continuing to bring about divestment worldwide, in short, is putting pressure on huge multi-nationals. A finance professor at UMC, Dr. Paul West, disputes this claiming that if the university divests, the stocks will only be bought by someone else, making little impact. Why then are multinationals concerned about the effect of the divestiture movement? It

dow dressing to pretend social response bility while refusing to touch that \$133 million (including IBM and GM) stocks which keep South African repression

University president Peter Mograth is fond of saying that the issue is com-plex, that we really don't know what the effect of the flight of capital from South Africa will be.... The curators continue to whine about "fiduciary responsibility" as if hundreds of other investors had not found fiscally sound alternatives.

The issue, in essence, is very simple. There is a historical movement which is making it increasingly difficult for the apartheid police state to continue. The university can help bring the right of self-determination to the pe of color in South Africa, or it can continue to act in a way which confirms widespread perception of the University of Missouri as a hastion of white power and privilege, a place which does as little as it can get by with, a place which

Edited by Lev Chernyl action against institutional racism.

Both Duane Stucky, the interim tor of The Maneater, the student newstor of The Maneater, the student news-paper, lecture the Shantytown activists that "nothing can be accomplished by confrontational politics." As much as these pillars of campus morality would like us to think this is the case, almost everyone who thinks about it realizes that just the opposite is true. The beauty of the shantytown activists is that by the simple tactic of placing a small representation of South Africa reality in the university's backyard, more questions have been raised about the values and priorities of the university, and by extension the whole of society, than in years and years of polite demon strations and playing by the rules.

The university is embarrassed. So far it has arrested 58 protesters, dropped the charges against 17 of them, tried to dismiss the shantytown activists as not being an officially recognized organization (with officers and by-laws), given shantytowners ten to fifteen minutes to speak at this or that meeting. threatened academic reprisals, and torn down the shanties a half-dozen times. They have changed their rules and requlations in the middle of the game give their repression a legalistic rationale. But while Barbara Uehling, Duane Stucky, Peter Mcgrath and their flunkies (gentleman police-bully Major Watring, dominatrix Suzanne Holland et al.) keep trying to pose as objective dispensers of policy, their ploys have only shown that the university is willing to pull out all stops to maintain its racist heritage and

Regardless of what happens in the future the shantytown activists have a ready won because they have captured the imaginations of all who have heard of their determination and who care about dignity and justice for people of all races. They have placed the issue of racism on the public agenda. And they have succeeded in making clear the connections between institutionalized in-difference to racial tyranny abroad and the university's indifference to racial in-equity in educational opportunity, and in the quality of campus social and cultural life. They university complains about things not being "calm" and about "confrontational politics," all the while trying to stave off any demands that it take meaningful action to change the de facto racist realities especially at the pens the university will not be able to remain unchanged.
The shantytown activists need your help

and financial contributions. To become involved call 882-7463 or 874-3872, or Shantytown Activists CO MAA 100 Hitt St

### French students win battle with state

The recent student demonstrations in Paris were an unexpected and unfor-seen shock to the rightest government of Prime Minister Jacques Chirac. They were prompted in protest of a proposal by the Ministry of Education to "upgrade" and "modernize" the French universities. The educational situation in France is already elitist, but Alain Devaquet's legendary proposal would have made it

tion consisted of (1) raising the price of university tuition, (2) giving universities the power to issue their own diplomas, and (3) giving universities the right to determine who gets to enroll where. Basically it would make the French system and its students more expensive, more selective and more competitive.

The movement was initiated by a

few activists (including members of the Groupe de la Coordination Libertaire Anarchiste) who sparked the anger of some students and then fanned and flamed interest till it produced a general de-monstration on Thursday, Nov. 27th when the law was to be presented to the parliament. Despite the last-minute tactic of postponing discussion of the bill to the following day, roughly 100,000 stu

dents showed up at the National Assembly building in an amazingly peaceful demonstration that was also followed up the next day. When the education mi-nistry chose to deny their demands, students planned a stronger demonstration

for the following week.

On Dec. 4th a five-mile long gathering of from 300,000 to 500,000 stu-dents showed up in Paris from all over France at the Place des Invalides, where the relatively peaceful crowds used pas-sive resistance and avoided clashes. Nevertheless, 200 people were injured, of which only 4 were cops. In one report-ed example of police behavior, when a group of students was asked to move back and complied, police immediately used the space to charge the students with gas grenades and stunners.

The reported seriously wounded included a student (a member of the French Anarchist Federation from Britans) tany) who got his eye blown away by a cop who fired his stunner at his face, and another who got his hand blown off. There were, of course, countless others who were hospitalized, but whose parents were advised by hospital personnel to avoid publicity.

During another spontaneous student nonstration the next day Malik Oussekine, a French Algerian, was beaten severely by the PVM, motorcycle cops who work in teams with a driver in front and a cop in back with a club. After being chased down by one of these teams, Malik was followed into the fover of an apartment building where he died. The official cause of death was listed as a heart attack, and police are still trying to convince the public of this. However, his death presaged a seven hour battle between students and riot police the next night, after which Prime Minister Chirac withdrew the university reform bill fearing continuing demonstrations.

The amazing thing about all this was that there really were no leaders. There was no single spokesperson for the students. There were a few who spontaneously took charge in situations, but as far as I could find out, people pretty much organized themselves. And it was well organized, almost too well. All the "green armbands" walked together, all the "helmets" stayed in groups, all the parents, all the unions, even the street painters were in two small groups.

Alison Gross

Fall/Winter 1986

## **International Anarchist News**

#### Free Avi Naftel

Avi Naftel is an anarchist who has been imprisoned in the Arizona State Penitentiary for the last five years with another twenty years remaining of his sentence. His conviction was for aggra-vated assault and kidnapping, though the incident which led to his incarceration was apparently only a response of self-defense to a threat of violence made by an Arizona cop. He and his wife were backpacking along a northern Arizona highway on their way to Nevada when a sightesy on table were to Newton Art. Coran State Police officer stopped them and demanded L.D. Avi refused to comply, and based his refused to telligating of the cop's demand according to our supposed "civil rights." The cop pulled out her gun and cocked the hammer, and fearing that he would be shot, Avi disarmed her. Other cops soon arrived on the scene and Avi and his wife ended up taking the first cop hostage in her care in order to escape. They were "ambushed" at a roudblock near the Hoover Dam. After negotiating for a few hours Avi surrendered when the press arrived hoping that it would help press arrived hoping that it would be press arrived hoping that it would be press arrived hoping that it would help press arrived (hoping that it would help insure that neither he nor his wife would be shot in front of witnesses). AvI was sentenced to 15 years for

aggravated assault and ten years for kidaggravated assault and ten years for kid-napping. He has never been convicted of any other offense in his life. The cop he disarmed went back to work the next day with no apparent physical or emotional problem from the incident, yet Avi has been treated as though he is a violent threat to the state of Ari-

Avi has recently found that he is eligible to be transferred to the country eligible to be transferred to the country in which he holds citizenship, according to a treaty between the U.S. and Great Britan (the United Kingdom) which includes this provision. At this point only the Arizona Department of Corrections (sic) is holding back his request through use of a legal technicality. So he is

#### Mexican anarchists?

It's always hard for foreigners to keep track of anarchist movements in recep track or anarchist movements in countries where other languages are spoken, but the lack of information in the U.S. press about mexican anarchists has always seemed extraordinarily puzzling to me because of their close proximity to the U.S. Although the Columbia to the U.S. Although the Columbia Anarchist League receives occasional issues of Tlerra Y Libertad from Mexico City, these usually seem to consist of historical and theoretical articles with little mention of current activities in Mexico. And we haven't been able to establish contact with any of the other lesser known publications we've heard of.

So, it was a surprise last year (on So, it was a surprise last year join a quick visit to Mexico) to see anti-vote posters, with pictures of the anarchist Emiliano Zapata on them, posted around the city of La Paz. The posters stated (in Spanish), "Because the elections won't resolve people's problems--DON'T VOTE." They were published by the Comite de Unidad Juvenil-Popular "For the organization and conscious integration of youth in the popular struggle." Does anyone know if this is an anarchist grouping, or if there is any anarchist influence within it?

#### ANARCHY & JOURNAL OF DESIRE ARMED

Anarchy #13 Fall/Winter 1986

Fall/Winfeer 1986
ANARCHY is a somewhat irregular, but usually bimorthly publication of the but usually bimorthly publication of the analysis of the second anti-capitalist organization of local anarchites dedicated to catalysing the creation of a more liberarian world. We creation of a more liberarian world, we can be supported to the second on the second of the second on the second of the s tributions, submissions and letters to:
ANARCHY, c/o C.A.L., POB 380,
Columbia, MO 65205.

now asking for public support for his transfer through letters and calls to the authoritles listed below asking that his transfer be completed to England (where his sentence would likely be reduced or terminated). If you would like to help In this effort, please write to:

Mr. Sam Lewis, Director Arizona Dent. of Corrections 1601 West Jefferson Phoenix, AZ. 85007

Criminal Policy Dent. London SWI 9AT, England Governor Evan Mecham 1700 West Washington Phoenix, AZ. 85007 Phone: (602) 255-4331

Mr. Philip T. White Office of International Affairs Criminal Division POB 7413 Ben Franklin Station Washington, DC 20044

For more information on Avi Naftel and his case you can write to Free Avl Naftel, POB 1313, Lawrence, KS. 66044. In letters to the authorities above you should use Avl's full name, Arnold Naftel, along with his prison #45287.



#### **Squatters fight back in Europe**

On the 14th of Soptember last in Danish society," after the heavily year the young autonomist squatters be arricaded center had been unsuccessfully movement in Denmark began a 9-day beslegod for 3 days last February. The unrising in defense of the community center they had built in a builting they have occupied illegally for 3 years. The unrising began when a planned support have occupied illegally for 3 years, the uprising began when a planned support have occupied illegally for 3 years. The public purising began when a planned support shared to the provision of the provision had already been rising ever some story of the newly arrived US war frim Sperry South Artican firm doing bearing the provision man from the provision of mark in the previous month (that action included the building of burning barricades around a police station in order to prevent police interference). The chief of police declared that the autonomist center, "Ryesgade 58 is a cancer cell

### Bioregionalism

Continued from page 9

turned off their TV's and refused their places as complacent consumers within mass society, nor have I yet found any one square mile of the earth which hasn't been claimed by a nation-state. In fact, despite Sale's wishful thinking on fact, despite Sale's wishful thinking on these subjects, I can't help but be impressed by the continual expansion of the industrial economy into more and more areas of life and regions of the world. It's also hard to lignore the increasing sophistication and effectiveness of all the new techniques and technologies of social control. And as far as nation-states going the way of the dodo

--l only wish!

What Sale seems to have done here is to confuse superficial trends with fundamental changes. He actually appears to believe that because there were "six to believe that because there were "six acknowledged empires" in 1945, and only "two unacknowledged ones" now, that we have somehow made progress! And he sees an almost cosmic significance in the fact that there are more nationstates now than in the recent past, as if an increase in the absolute number of authoritarian institutions means we're now better off. And then, Sale's ecstasy over the rise of regionalism in recent years is supposedly verified by supposed the recent years. The Well Sale and the recent years is supposedly verified by supposed the recent years. cent years is supposedly verilted by sub-versive facts such as The Wall Street Journal beginning "a weekly column of American regional reports in 1982," and the number of regional planners having "expanded exponentially (today there are 16,000 professionals)," and again in 1969

barricaded center had been unsuccessfully besieged for 3 days last February. The uprising began when a planned support march broke away from its route and charged the Ryesgade area. The police were completely forled, barricades were built and a neighboring building housing the newly arrived US war from Sperry of the newly arrived US was sperry of the newly arrived US war from Sperry of the newly arrived US was sperry of the newly ar

police attacks.Source: Black Fias, London

"the Office of Management and the Budget Issued its A-89 regulation creatingget Issued its A-89 regulation creatinging-bouses..." Ultimately the weight of
Irrelevant information Sale brings to
bear is revealing of how qualitativelyempty his vision really is of content.
If these inanities all count as remarkable
harbingers of a bioregional society, I'd

But wait, let's move on to Sale's
"future visions" where we can discover
wigh native Americans that "we are, all
things considered, better off today because. Columbus dreamed of Inding
India. "Did I hear a subcer?" Quietty
that one study of regional attitudes. "discovered that people in this country see
themselves as inhabiting no fewer than
295 regions." (These include our own
local region here in mid-Missouri, "Little
Dixtle." How readical!) Or, how about,
Investigation of the control of the conditions of the condition of the control of the country see
themselves as inhabiting no fewer than
295 regions." (These include our own
local region here in mid-Missouri, "Little
Dixtle." How readical!) Or, how about,
Investigation of the condition of local region here in mid-Missouri, "Little Dixie." How radical!) Or, how about, "The bioregional ideal has the potential to join what are traditionally thought of as Right and Left in America because of as Right and Left in America because it is built upon and appeals to values that, at bottom, are shared by those who identify with those two tendencles. They have in common, for example, a belief in local control, self-reliance, town-meeting democracy, community power, and decentralism... (Maybe I don't know the right people, but please the common of the common

really share these beliefs?)
But we only get a clear view of how little meaning there is to the whole concept of bloregionalism when Sale reveals that, not only is bloregionalism not revolutionary die. not willing to confront

#### Anarchy notes

At long last here's Amarchy #13.

Due to a long series of interruptions it's out about 4 months later than 'd planned and is 8 pages longer, too. My application of the series of these of you whe've been to your seats! The only consistence of your seats! The only consistence of the property of the series of the property of the series of the year.

rest of this year.

For those who care, the print run for this issue is 7,000. The last issue of Anarchy (472) included a copy of The Gentle Anarchist (a Lawrence, Kansas paper) inside. Unfortunately, our oifferably make concurrent publishing a rare event in the future, though we hope to try it again sometime soon. Also, I was unable to credit the cover of Anarchy 312 in the last issue due to my own temporary amnesia regarding its sourceso thanks are due to dast Termites who will be a source the source of the sourc

Francisco, CA. 94117 with a large and fairly comprehensive mail order catalog available.

An experimental control of the control of the control of the subscriptions we receive, the letters of encouragement, and those extra donations which keep Anarchy afloat. For those whold like to help in other ways, we still need extra hands for distriction, because in mich-Skapscurl, around schools and in outlying towns in Boone County and beyond. We're also looking for more contributors—especially for original art is graphics, and for short fictions. And, of course, everyone is in-unfortunately, due to the tere column, unfortunately, due to the control of the control of

And last, but not least, I should note that I was intending to publish a close look at the Greek anarchist movement in this issue, but due to a lack of space, it has also been postponed to Anarchy #14. Lev Cherny

seriously the task of destroying the curseriously the task of destroying the cur-rent system of hierarchical powerl, but that "it regards questions of national scope to be...genuinely irrelevant... Take care of the communities, develop the care of the communities, develop the regions, tap the local manifestations of the character inherent in the American people, and the Federal structure can become quite Irrelevant." Just forget about U.S. Imperialism, the preparations for "winning" World War III, the massive struction of our environment. We'll throw out a few platitudes and a cliche or two, and everything will be fine.
"Take care of the pennies and the pounds will take care of themselves."
Play in your own back yard and the bully on the block won't bother you anymore! Simple answers to complex questions. It's all so easy and reassuring, why be radical anymore?



Collected by Erich Scheurmann Illustrations by Joost Swarte Translated by Martin Beumer

Editor's note: The Papalagi (pronounced pă-pă-fă-hē, or so I was told by the ori-ginal English publishers, Real Free Press in Amsterdam) is a collection of speeches written by the South Pacific chief Tuiavii of Tiavea and intended for his people. They first appeared in a German edition sometime in the early twenties, in a translation by his friend Eric Scheurmann. A translation was published in Dutch in 1929, from which the English translation was then made in 1971. As becomes quickly apparent when one reads it. The Papalagi is a sort of critical reverse anthropology which white, european civilization throroughly dissected and evaluated with the puzzled contempt that it so well deserves from the "primitive" perspective.

ou can also recognize the Papalagi by his wish for making us wise and because he tells us that we are poor and wretched, and in need of his

help and his pity, because we possess nothing.

Allow me to explain to you,

dear brothers from the many islands, what that is a thing. coconut is a thing, a flyswatter, a loincloth, the shell, the fingerring, the food-bowl and the headdress, they are all things. But there are two different kinds of things. There are things made by the Great Spirit without seeing it and we, the children of the earth, have no trouble obtaining them. Like for instance the coconut, the banana and the seashell. Then there are the things made by the people with much work and hardship, things like the rings for the fingers, flyswatters and foodbowls. Now the alii (white men) think that we have a need for the things made by their hands, for they certainly don't mean the things provided for us by the Great Spirit. Because, who can be richer than us and who can possibly possess more things from the Great Spirit than exactly us? Throw your eyes ato the furthest horizon. where the wide blue expanse rests on the rim of the world. Everything is full of great things: the jungle with its wild pigeons, hummingbirds and parrots, the lagoons with their sea-cucumbers, shells and marine life, the sand with its shining face and smooth skin, the great water that can rage like a band of warriors or smile like a taopou (May-queen) and the wide blue dome that changes color every hour and carries large flowers that bless us with gold and silver light. Why be so foolish as to produce more things, now that we have so many outstanding things already, given us by the Great Spirit himself? Anyway, we will never be able to better his workings, because our spirit is weak and puny and the power of the Great Spirit



TO BE GOVERNED IS TO BE WATCHED, INSPECTED, SPIED ON



## THE PAPALACI

TUINH OF TINEA

#### MANNY THE PAPALAGIARE POOR MANNY RECAUSE OF THEIR MANY THINGS

is mighty, compared to his large and omnipotent hands, ours are small and weak. The things they can make are puny and not worth speaking about. We can make our arm longer with a stick and enlarge the hollow formed by our hands with a tanoa (a wooden bowl on three or four legs, used for preparation of a native drink), but there hasn't been a single Samoan or Papalagi yet who succeeded in

making a palmtree or a kavaplant. Now those Papalagi think they can do a lot and that they are as strong as the Great Spirit. that reason, thousands and thousands of hands do nothing but make things, from dawn to dusk. Manmade things, of which we know no purpose nor beauty. And the Papalagi invent more and more things. Their hands burn, their faces turn ashen and their backs are bent, but still they burst into happiness when they've succeeded in making a new thing. And all of a sudden, everybody wants to have such a new thing: they put it in front of them, adore it and sing its praise in their language.

Oh brothers, strengthen my beliefs, for I've looked straight through the Papalagi and seen his intentions as clear as if illuminated by the midday sun. Because he destroys all the things of Great Spirlt. Wherever he comes, wants to bring to life again, on his own power, those things that he first killed and then wants

to make himself believe he is the Great Spirit himself, because he produces so many things.

Brothers, try to imagine that at this very moment a storm would rise and strip away all the jungles and mountains, that from the lagoon also the shells and crayfish would be taken away and not even a hibiscus-flower would be left for our girls to wear in their hair, try to imagine that everything we see around us had suddenly disappeared, so that nothing would be left and the sand and the earth would have become like the palm of your hand or the hill over which the magma has flowed. Then we would have to mourn over the palmtree, over the shells and the jungle we would have to mourn over everything. Where all the huts of the Papalagi are gathered, all those huts that call a town, there the land is as bald as the palm of your hand and that's one of the reasons that the Papalagi has gone soft in the head and plays being the Great Spirit in person, so as not to think of all the things they lost. Because they are so deprived and because their land has become so dreary they collect things like a fool collects dead leaves and fills his hut with them until all available space is occupied. That's why he envies us and hopes to make us poor as he is himself.

It is a sign of great poverty, when somebody needs much, because that way he proves that he

lacks the things of the Great Spirit. The Papalagi are poor because they pursue things like madmen. Without things they cannot live at all. When they've made themselves an object out of the backshield of a turtle, used to straighten their hair back, they make a skin for that tool, and for the skin they make a box, and for that box they make bigger box. They pack everything away in skins and boxes. There are boxes for loincloths, for upper cloths and under cloths, for washing cloths, mouthcloths and all other kinds of cloths. Boxes for hand-skins and foot-skins, for the round metal and the heavy paper, for their food and their holy book, for everything you can imagine. When one thing would be enough, they make two. When you come inside a european cooking-hut, you see so many food-bowls and cooking-tools that it is impossible to use them all. And for every dish there is a different tanoa, there's one for the water and another one for the european kava, one for the coconuts and another one for the grapes.

There are so many things inside a european hut that, even if everyman from a Samoan village would take out an armload, the peo ple living in it would not be able to carry the remainder out. In every hut there are so many things that the white gentlemen employ many persons just for putting those things on the spot where they be long and to clean the sand off them. And even the highest born taopou uses a great deal of her time to count, rearrange and clean

all her things.
You all know, brothers, that speak the truth as I've seen it with my own eyes, without adding to my story nor holding back any. So believe me when I tell you that there are people in europe that press a fire-stick to their foreheads and kill themselves, because they would rather not live at all than being forced to live without things. Because in every possible way the Papalagi confuse their minds and fool themselves into thinking that man cannot live without things, as he cannot live without food.

Also because of that, I've never been able to find a hut in europe where I could rest on my mat properly, with nothing hinder-ing my limbs when I wanted to stretch myself out. All those things throw flashes of light around or cry out loud with the volces of their colors, so that I couldn't close my eyes quietly. Never could I find the true repose there and never before was my longing for my Samoan hut so strong; the hut where there is nothing but sleeping mat and bedroll and nothing disturbs us but the soft seabreeze.

The ones that only have few things, call themselves poor and unhappy. No Papalagi sings or goes through life with a twinkle in his eye, like we do, when his only possession is his foodbowl. When the men and women of the white man's world would reside in our huts, they would mourn and grieve and they would have wood fetched from the forest quickly and turtle-shells, glass, steel-wire and gaudy stones and much, much more. And they would move their hands from morning till night, until the Samoan hut would be filled with large and small objects that break easily and are destructable by fire and rain, so that replacements have to be made all the time.

Continued on page 7

### PAPALACE

The more things you need, the better a european you are. That's why the hands of the Papalagi are never still, they're always making things. That is the reason that the faces of the white people often look so tired and sad and that is also the reason why only a few of them can find the time to look at the things from the Great Spirit or play in the villagesquare, compose happy songs or dance in the light on a holiday and derive pleasure from their healthy bodies, as is possible for all of us.

They have to make things. They have to hold on to their things. The things latch themselves to them and crawl over them like an army of tiny sand-ants. They commit the most hideous crimes, in cold blood, only to get more things. They don't make war to satisfy their male pride, or to match their strength, but only to obtain things.

Still, they are all aware of the great waste their life is, otherwise there wouldn't be so many Papalagi of high standing that do

nothing their whole life but dip hairs in colored juices and with them throw beautiful mirror-images on white mats. All the fine words of God they write down, as bright and colorful as they can. They also mold people from soft clay, without any loincloths; girls with free movements, delightful as the taopou of Matautu and images of men, brandishing clubs and spying on the wild pigeon in the forest. People made out of stone, for which the Papalagi build large festival huts, whereto people travel from large distances to enjoy their grace and beauty. They stand in front of them wrapped tightly in their loincloths and shiver. I've seen Papalagi weep, when admiring the beauty they have lost themselves.

Now the white man wants to make us rich by bringing us his treasures, his things. But those things are like poison arrows that kill those in whose breasts they have lodged. I once overheard a man who knew our islands well. saying, "We must force new needs upon them." Needs are things! And that wise man spoke further; "Then they can be put to work easier

use the strength of our hands to make things, things for ourselves. but mainly things for the Papalagi. We must be made tired, bent down and grey too.

Brothers of the many islands, we must keep our eyes wide open, because the words of the Papalagi taste like sweet bananas, but they are full of hidden arrows that are out to kill all light and gladness inside of us. Let's never forget that, except for the things given us by the Great Spirit, we need only very little. He has given us eves to see his things. You need more than a lifetime to see them all. And never did a greater lie pass the line of a human being as when the white man said to us that the things from the Great Spirit have little value, but that the things they produce are very useful and valuable. Their own things, so numerous and glittering and shining, throw seductive glances our way and thrust themselves upon us, but they never made a Papalagi's body more beautiful, his eves more shiny or his senses keener. That's another reason that their things have little value and the

also." He meant that we had to words they utter and force upon our awareness forcefully, thoughts steeped in venom, the

#### **Books Received**

The Right to be Greedy; Theses on the Practical Necessity of Demanding Every-thing, by For Ourselves, Council for Generalized Self-Management (Second edition, published by Loompanics Unli-mited, POB 1197, Pt. Townsend, WA. 98368, \$5,95).

98368, \$5.95).

No one Interested in the Situationist International, philosophical equism/radical subjectivity, dialectical and critical theory, the critiques of ideology and morality...that is to say, no one who's halfway serians about understanding the trajectory of modern radicalism fand its enemical shulld miss this book. Although its enemical should miss this book. Although its flaws are obvious upon reading, its basic theme—the reconciliation of the collective project of revolution (transforming the world) with the Individual project of overcoming self-alienation (changing life-last of critical importance to our changing life-last of critical importance to our changing life-last of critical importance to our the second edition, "It's a pity For Ourselves didn't try to Marxize Stirrer as it Stirmerized Marxi: then we might have a better sense of the level as which it just might be possible to harmonize the two great revolutionary morral-incoming the control of the control of the written. At book unfortunately remains to be written.

Principla Discordia; or How I Found Goddess and What I Did to Her When I Found Her, by Malaclypse the Younger (5th edition, published by Loompanics Unlimited, POB 1197, Port Townsend, WA. 98368, \$5.95)

Since Bob Shea und Robert Anton Wilson's Illuminatus Trilogy (Irst appeared in 1975, the Principle) Discordia has acquired something of a reputation as a sort of "underground classic." In actuality, despite its occasional wit and en-tertaining satire, today it reads as a rather quaint and playli, thought not all that illumi-nating, attempt at the dialectical deconstruc-tion of mysical religion.

Based on the mythology of the ancient Greek goddess of strife, Eris (the Roman Dis-cordia), the Principla unfortunately never really cordial, the Principla unfortunately never really delivers on the promise contained in this material. Rather than developing the story into a sophisticated, per humorous, unfolding of spective, it gets stuck on a lovel of overfinplified (and thus falsified) dialectics and a relatively naive metaphysics. Still, it was a promising start, that with the "Sacred Chap," the "flook of Uterus," and the "Episte to the Paramotale." And it remains interesting despite Its shortcomings.

Native American Anarchism, by Eunice Schuster (Reprint of the 1932 edition published by Loompanics Unlimited, POB 1197 Port Townsend WA 98368 \$9 951

1197, POT. Townsend, WA. 28365, \$8,35).

The most amoying thing about this back is its fiminiame. You might think from its title that this book would examine the traces of "primitive anarchy" to be found in the societies of the original inhabitants of American before the European colonization destroyed them and their world. However, it is Instead the story of disserting anarchistic currents within the raiss of these allen coloniarrs, with nary a mention of the true native Americans to be found.

nary a mention of the true native Americans to be found.

The Newever be that as it may, this book may be a second to be found to be found to be found to be found to be a second to be a Josiah Warren to Benjamin Tucker and their Josian Worren to Benjamin Tucker and their disciples is discussed, until it's eventual collision with the realities of both un engulfing industratism and the "ulien American anarchism" of the developing international unarchist movements resulted in its dissolution and relative

Fighting Back on the Job, by Victor Santoro (published by Loompanics Unli-mited, POB 1197, Pt. Townsend, WA.

This book is so hokey its often funny, but This book is so hokey its often funny, but unfortunately its not funny enough to prevent it from being basically boring. For those unimaginative enough that they can't couite up with the simple Ideas and basic guidelines for anonymous revenge contained within on their own, it might be worth spending \$8.95. As for the rest of us, there are plenty of more intellectually challenging and practicully exciting books that need to be road.

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REGULATED, INDOCTRINATED, PREACHED AT, CONTROLLED, RULED,

Dwellers in the Land; The Bioregional Vision, by Kirkpatrick Sale (published by Sierra Club Books. San Francisco, 1985) \$14.95

Kirknatrick Sale is no stranger to anarchists. Many of us have already encountered some of his contributions--notably his history of Students for a Democratic Society SDS, and his major work, Human Scale, both of which have an obvious relevance to anarchists.

His most recent book, Dwellers in the Land: The Bioregional Vision, expresses his continuing con-

with a little humility as an ecological social theory and exploring its possible relevance for us as such, he immediately goes for a grandstand play and portrays bioregionalism as a new religion. Not only is bioregionalism supposed to be a theory about how we can live in har-mony with nature and with each other, but more importantly for Sale, it's a religion which requires that we worship "nature" in the guise of the earth goddess Gaea. What are we to make of

There seems to be a very persistent tendency among those Interested in pushing ostensibly "radical" ecological visions to formulate them in either blations) which has all but disappeared from the consciousness of the industrialized

Sale goes on to describe the results of abandoning this respect for the earth, of placing more value in the wealth which can be extracted from the earth than in the wealth that consists in living on an earth perceived as our home.

And undoubtedly non-ecological hubris has encouraged the eventual collapse of many civilizations before ours. ons the Mycenaeans, the Romans, the Sumerians and the Mayans among

other examples. He thus places our own civilization within this perspective, saying, "But in no previous society did the abandonment

## The bioregional vision —



CENSURED BY PERSONS WHO HAVE NEITHER WISDOM NOR VIRTUE





TO BE REGISTERED, STAMPED.



TAXED, PATENTED, LICENSED, ASSESSED.



MEASURED, REPRIMANDED, CORRECTED,

radical social movements and the central importance he attaches to the parameter of scale in human life. In fact, his purpose is broader than this. In Dwellers in the Land he not only works out some of the mutual implications involved in the reconciliation of these two major concerns, he attempts to go even further by developing his version of a unitary concept that would sub-sume both--the concept of bioregionalism.\* Even if this were the extent

cern for both the development of

of his aims, Sale's book would have an intrinsic interest for anarchists. who have always shared his concerns for developing radical social movements and for seeking a society based upon a more humanly rational scale. But he has taken a further step and recently addressed himself directly to anarchists, both in a review article which appeared IT IS IN EVERY ACTION AND TRANSACTION in Social Anarchism No. 10 and in a (rather poorly edited) short interview appearing in Kick It Over No.

Indeed, in Social Anarchism goes so far as to advocate "cross-pollination between the adherents of the ecologial vision (ed. note: i.e. bioregionalism), who seem to badly need some human dimension to their thought and some greater political cast to their work. and the adherents of the anarchocommunal vision, who could gain from the new insights provided by ecological analyses and the energy of the growing number of people attracted to it." He believes that, "Properly guided, the Green movements seem to offer a natural setting for these two political philosophies to combine and a natural means by which they can be carried outward to a wider public." was with these comments in mind that I read his new book. hoping to find a new and challenging hybridization of anarchist and ecological themes within an encom-passing "bioregional" framework. However, I was sadly disappointed.

Unlike the strident polemics issued by many radicals--anarchists & ecologists alike--the tone of Sale's book seems calculated to keep readers calm and rational as they are exposed to the potentially threatening and radical ideas of bioregionalism. Unfortunately, though, not gionalism. Unfortunately, though, not only are the readers reactions buffered by the somnambulant tone, but the radi-cal ideas themselves seem to have evaporated along the way somewhere. We're left with only a Milquetoast vision which Sale might more profitably sell to newagers or neo-liberals rather than to

The problems with Sale's book begin with its start and snowball from there on. In the first place, rather than casting the concept of bioregionalism

\*The concept of bioregionalism itself is largely a creation of the Planet Drum Foundation and its newspaper Raise the Stakes.

#### by Lev Chernyi

terms. In this Sale is no different from Devall and Sessions with their "deep ecology," Murray Bookchin with his "social ecology," or Spretnak and Capra with their spiritualized "green politics"
(or, to mention a local boy not exactly in the same league, but still with the same pretensions, David Haenke with his rather more crude "political ecology").\*\*

Of course this isn't too surprising given the fact that the phenomena of ideology and religion are so pervasive in our alienated society that they vir-tually define the limits of discourse for most people. But, especially when it comes to ostensihly radical ecological thought, this should not be the case since it ought to be obvious to such people that we are precisely not separate from nature, and that we do not stand in a hierarchical relation to either nature conceived as other or to a god or goddess of nature which we must in turn be forced (or otherwise morally obliged) to serve, worship and obey. This relfi-cation of nature and our relationship to it is inexcusable, especially for those theorists with any kind of libertarian

orientation.

As it is Sale begins his story de-As it is sale begins his story de-scribing the earth in the words of Plato as "a living creature, one and visible, containing within itself all creatures." To containing within itself all creatures." To the ancient Greeks this living earth was indeed seen as a goddess named Gaea, the mother of all. And it was apparent-ly quite common for the more nature-based societies of history (and possibly also of pre-history\*\*\*) to see "mother earth" as one of their central deities. But what is more significant, it is unde-niably true that early nature-based peoples had a respect for the natural world as a living world (despite, i would say, not because of their religious orienta-

Contrary to Sale's bald contentions, religion is (in its form if not always in rhetorical content) anti-ecological. If animism was the origin of religion, it also represents the beginning of modern alienation -the first turning away from nature in the form of the fetishization and reification of spirits in a realm separate from the experienced unity of natural life.

\*\*For a review of David Haenke's Ecological Pollitics and Bioregionalism see ANARCHY; a journal of Desire Armed No. 11. 1 also intend to review Spretnak and Capra's Green Pollitics and Bookchin's The Ecology of Freedom in upcoming Issues of ANARCHY.

coming issues of ANARCHY.

""The question of whether all pre-literate, pre-historic peoples actually saw and experienced their worlds in terms of the alienating categories of religion is impossible to determine the present of the alienating categories of religion is impossible to determine the present of the present of

Europe in the centuries after the Renais-sance, the period of which we today are the exuberant consummation." And he correctly places the development of science as a central feature of our current alienation from the natural world. However, Sale's description of science shows only a superficial understanding of its development, especially regarding its relationship to religion.

Sale maintains that "with the deve-

iopment of...(science)...aii animistic, ali venerative, all religious conceptions of the earth were deposed. In their stead came a new vision supported by the incontrovertible findings of physics, chemistry, mechanics, astronomy, and mathe matics: the scientific worldview." What he fails to see is that scientific ideologies are not purely antithetical to reli-gious conceptions of the world, a claim hardly more true in reality than the conthetical to catholicism. Rather science and religion are two facets of the same complex phenomenon. The scientific and mechanistic ideologies to which we are heir all developed out of Christianity, which in turn was itself a mutant strand of development from the earlier religions of more nature-based societies. That both Christlanity and science represent examples of the more life-denying aspects of the ideological/religious impulse makes neither their own intimate relationship, nor their relationship with earlier (and somewhat less blatantly antinatural) religions any less real or signifi-

religion is (in its form if not always in rhetorical content) anti-ecological. If animism was the origin of religion, it also represents the beginning of modern alienation--the first turning away from nature in the form of the fetishization and relfication of spirits in a realm sepa-rate from the experienced unity of natural life. This primal confusion of the symbolic realm with a separate spirit-reality was one of the first steps eventually leading to our modern confusion over the meanings that the abstractions of scientific ideologies now hold for us.
it foreshadowed our contemporary scientific form of "animism" in which the original reified spirits of the "primitives" have been transformed into the matter, energy and natural laws that are now said to esoterically lie behind all pheno-mena. Even Sale is dimiy aware of this fact when he says that science "has be-come, in short, our God."

In some circles the old mechanistic paradigm (to use the new-age cliche word) of the developing scientific revolution is now giving way to a more re-fined and less vulgarly materialistic verfined and less vulgarly materialistic version. This has been more and more celebrated by many contemporary writers who speak toward ecological concerns. But in the last analysis this represents only another layer of mystification being added to the already deep sediment of conceptual relification and self-alienation through which we already Interpret our worlds. The mechanistic paradigm was one perfected tendency of religious thought. The "new physics" will only lead to the ascension of another, more sophisticated yet just as alien-

Regardless of the origins and meaning of religion and science, though, it

Continued on page 9

# libertarian municipalism Murray Bookchin

Historically, radical social theory and practice have focused on two arenas of human societal activity: the workplace and the community. Beginning with the rise of the Nation-State and with the Industrial Revolution, the economy has acquired a predominant position over the community — not only in capitalist ideology but in the various socialisms, libertarian and authoritarian, that emerged early in the last century. The shift from an ethical emphasis on socialism to an economic one is a problem of far-reaching proportions that has been widely discussed. What is relevant to the immediate issue at hand is that the socialisms themselves early acquired disquieting bourgeois attributes of their own, a development most markedly revealed by the Marxian vision of attaining human emancipation by the domination of mature, a historic project that presumably entailed the 'domination of man by man,' the Marxian and bourgeois rationale for the emergence of class society as a 'pre-condition' for human emancipation.

Unfortunately, the libertarian wing of socialism - the anarchist — did not consistently advance the primacy of ethics over the economistic. Perhaps understandably so, with the rise of the factory system, the locus classicus of capitalist exploitation, and the emergence of the industrial proletariat as the 'bearer' of a new society. For all its moral fervour, the syndicalist adaptation to industrial society and its image of the libertarian trade union as the infrastructure of a liberated world marked a disturbing shift in emphasis from communitarianism to industrialism, from communal values to factory values. \* Certain works which acquired an almost doxagraphic sanctity in syndicalism were to heighten the significance of the factory and, more generally, the workplace in radical theory, not to speak of the messianic role of the 'Proletariat.' The limits of this analysis, too, need not be examined here. Superficially, they seemed to be justified by the events of the First World War era and the 1930s. Today, the situation is otherwise; and the fact that we can criticize them with the sophistication provided by decades of hindsight hardly allows us the right to patronizingly dismiss proletarian socialism for its lack of foresight.

But the point must be made: the factory, and for much of history the workplace, has actually been the primary arena not only of exploitation but of hierarchy - this together with the patriarchal family. It has served not to 'discipline,' 'unite,' and 'organize' the proletariat for revolutionary change, but to school it in the habits of subordination. obedience, and mindless drudgery. The proletariat, as do all oppressed sectors of society, comes to life when it sheds its industrial habits in the free and spontaneous activity of communizing - the living process that gives meaning to the word 'community.' Here, workers shed their strictly class nature, their status as the counterpart of the bourgeoisie, and reveal their human nature. The anarchic ideal of decentralized, stateless, collectively managed, and directly democratic communities - of confederated municipalities or 'communes' - speaks almost intuitively, and in the best works of Proudhon and Kropotkin, consciously, to the transforming role of libertarian municipalism as the framework of a liberatory society, rooted in the nonhierarchical ethics of a unity of diversity, self-formation and self-management, complementarity, and mutual aid.

The Commune, qua municipality or city, must be singled out from its purely functional role as an economic realm, where human beings acquire the opportunity to perform nonagricultural tasks, or as the 'imploded centre' (to use Lewis Mumford's language) of heightened

 For a particularly disturbing example, one has only to read Abad de Santillian's El Organismo Economico de la Revolucio (Barcelona, 1936), translated into English under the title After the Revolucios, a work that exercised immense influence on the CNT-EAI.

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intercourse and propinquity to illuminate its historic function in transforming the quasi-tribal folk united by blood ties and custom into a body politic of citizens united by ethical values based on reason.

This vast transforming function brought the 'stranger' or 'outsider' into a common bond with the traditional genoi and created a new sphere of interrelationships: the realm of polissonomus — literally, the managing of a polis or city. It is from this conjunction of nomus and polis that the abbreviated word 'politics' derives, a term that has been

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denatured into mere statecraft, just as the word polis has been mistranslated 44 as 'State.' These distinctions are not etymological niceties. They reflect a very real degradation of concepts, each of immense importance in itself, to suit ideological ends. Anti-authoritarians are repelled by the degradation of the term 'society' into 'State,' and with good reason. The State, as we know, is a distinct artifact of ruling classes, a professionalized monopoly of violence to assure the subjugation and exploitation of human by human. Anthropology and social theory have shown how it began to slowly emerge from the broader background of hierarchical relationships, its varying forms and degrees of development, its full contours in the modern Nation-State, and possibly its future, most complete form in the totalitarian State. So, too, antiauthoritarians know that the family, workplace, cultural forms of association in the fullest, anthropological sense of the word 'cultural,' personal inter-relationships, and generally the private sphere of life, are uniquely social and intrinsically distinguishable from statist. That the social and the statist can infiltrate each other such that archaic despotisms were examples of the patriarchal oikos writ large and the modern totalitarian State's absorption of the social reflects the expanded meaning of the word 'bureaucracy' (the psychotherapeutic and educational realms as well as the traditional administrative) are evidence of the impurities that exist in all modes of societal organization.

The emergence of the city opens to us in varying degrees of development not only the new domain of universal humanitas as distinguished from the parochial folk, of the free space of an innovative civicism as distinguished from tradition-bound, biocentric gemeinschaften; it also opens to us the realm of polissonomus, the management of the polis by a body politic of free citizens, in short, of politics as distinguished from the strictly social and statist. History affords us no 'pure' category of the 'political realm any more than it offers us any image beyond the band and village level of non-hierarchical social relationships— and,

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until recent times, of pure statist institutions. 'Purity' is a word that can be introduced into social theory only at the expense of any contact with reality as we have known it in history. But approximations of a politics, invariably civic in character, do exist that are not primarily social or statist: the Athenian democracy, New England town meetings, the sectional assemblies and Paris Commune of 1793, to cite the most noteworthy examples. Fairly permanent in some cases, ephemeral in others, and admittedly greatly flawed by so many of the oppressive features, that marked all the societal relationships of the eras in which





they existed, they can nevertheless be collected in their small fragments and large pieces to provide an image of a political realm that is neither parliamentary nor bureaucratic, centralized nor professionalized, social nor statist, but rather civic in its recognition of the city's role of transforming a folk or a monadic agglomeration of individuals into a citizenry based on ethical and rational modes of association.

To define the social, political, and statist in their categorical specificity and to see the city in its historical evolution as the arena within which the political emerges apart from the social and the statist is to open areas of investigation whose programmatic importance is enormous. The modern era is defined 'civically' by urbanization, a malignant perversion of citification that threatens to engulf both town and country. and render their historic dialectic almost unintelligible in modern eyes. The confusion between urbanization and citification is as obscurantist today as the confusion between society and State, collectivization and nationalization, or, for that matter, politics and parliamentarism. The urbs in Roman usage were the physical facts of the city, its buildings, squares, streets, as distinguished from the civitas, the union of citizens or body politic. That the two words were not interchangeable until late imperial times when the very concept of 'citizenship' had declined. indeed, to be replaced by caste-oriented names and subjects of the Roman imperium, tells us a very poignant and highly relevant fact. The Gracchi had tried to turn the urbs into a civitas, to recreate the Athenian ekklesia at the expense of the Roman Senate. They failed, and the urbs devoured the civitas in the form of the Empire. Conceivably, the yeoman-citizens who formed the backbone of the Republic could have turned it into a democracy, but once they 'came down from the Seven Hills' on which Rome was founded, they became 'small,' to use Heine's words. The 'idea of Rome' as an ethical heritage diminished

"Rousseau quite rightly emphasized that popular power cannot be delegated without being destroyed. One either has a fully empowered popular assembly or power belongs to the state. The flaw of delegated power completely tainted the council system (sovietas, Raten), the Commune of 1871, and, of course, republican systems generally, whether municipal or national. The words "representative democracy" are a contradiction in terms."

in direct proportion to the growth of the city. Hence, "The greater Rome grew, the more this idea dilated; the individual lost himself in it: the great men who remain eminent are borne up by this idea, and it makes the littleness of the little men even more pronounced."

There is a lesson, here, to be learned on the perils of hierarchy and 'greatness,' but also an intuitive sense of the distinction between urbanization and citification, the growth of the urbs at the expense of the civitas. But still another question arises: is the civitas or body politic meaningful unless it is literally, indeed, protoplasmically, embodied? Rousseau reminds us that "houses make a town, but [only] citizens make a city." Conceived as merely an 'electorate' or a 'constituency,' or, to use the most degraded word the State has applied to them, 'taxpayers' - a term that is virtually a euphemism for a 'subject' - the inhabitants of the urbs became abstractions and, hence, mere 'creatures of the State,' to use American juridical language in regard to the legal status of a municipal entity today. A people whose sole 'political' function is to vote for delegates is no people at all; it is a 'mass,' an agglomeration of monads. Politics, as distinguished from the social and statist, involves the re-embodiment of masses into richly articulated assemblies, the formation of a body politic in an arena of discourse, shared rationality, free expression, and radically democratic modes of decision-making.

The process is interactive and self-formative. One may choose to agree with Marx that 'men' form themselves as producers of material things; with Fichre, as ethically motivated individuals; with Aristorle, as dwellers in a polis; with Bakunin, as seekers of freedom. But in the absence of self-management in all these spheres of life — economic, ethical, political, and libertarian — the character formation which transforms 'men' from passive objects into active subjects is painfully lacking. Selfhood is as much a function of 'managing,' or, preferably, communizing, as managing is a function of selfhood. Both belong to the formative process the Germans call bildung and the Greeks paiduia. The civic arena, whether as polis, town, or neighbourhood, is literally the cradle for civilizing human beings beyond the socializing process provided by the family. And to put matters bluntly, civic 'civilizing' is merely another expression for politicizing and rendering a mass into a deliberative, rational, ethical body politic. To achieve this concept

of civitat presupposes that human beings can assemble as more than isolated monads, discourse directly with modes of expression that go 'beyond words,' reason in a direct, face-to-face manner, and arrive peacfully at a commonality of views that renders decisions possible and their implementation consistent with democratic principles. In forming and functioning in such assemblies, citizens are also forming themselves, for politics is nothing if it is not educational and if its innovative openness does not promote character formation.

Hence the municipality is not merely a 'place' in which one lives, an 'investment' into a home, sanitary, health, and security services, a job, library, and cultural amenities. Citification historically formed a sweeping transition of humanity from tribal into civil modes of life that was as revolutionary as the transition from hunting-gathering to food cultivation, and from food cultivation into manufacturing. Despite the absorptive powers of the State, a later development, to meld civicism with nationalism and politics with statecraft, the 'Urban Revolution,' as V. Gordon Childe was to call it, was no less sweeping than the Agricultural Revolution and the Industrial Revolution. Moreover, like all its predecessors, the Nation-State still contains this past in its belly and has not fully digested it. Urbanization may well complete what the Roman Caesars, the Absolute monarchies, and the bourgeois republics failed to do — obliterate even the heritage of the Urban Revolution — but this has not yet been accomplished.

Before turning to the revolutionary implications of a libertarian municipal approach and the libertarian politics it yields, it is necessary to deal with one more theoretical problem: policy-making as distinguished from mere administration. On this score, Marx, in his analysis of the Paris Commune of 1871, has done radical social theory a considerable disservice. The Commune's combination of delegated policy-making with the execution of police by its own administrators, a feature of the Commune which Marx celebrated, is a major failing of that body. Rousseau quite rightly emphasized that popular power cannot be delegated without being destroyed. One either has a fully empowered popular assembly or power belongs to the State. The flaw of delegated power completely tainted the council system (soviets, Raten), the Commune of 1871, and, of course, republican systems generally, whether municipal or national. The words 'representative democracy' are a contradiction in terms. A people cannot engage in polissonomos by placing nomos-making, legislation, or nomothesia in surrogate bodies that exclude it from the discourse, reasoning, and deciding that gives politics its very identity. No less significantly, it cannot deliver to administration — the mere execution of policy — the power to formulate what must be administered without laying the groundwork for the

The supremacy of the assembly as a formulator of policy over that of any administrative agency is the only guarantor, to the extent that one exists, of the supremacy of politics over statecraft. This unblemished degree of supremacy is all the more crucial in a society that is entangled with experts and executors for the operations of its highly specialized social machinery, and the problem of maintaining popular-assembly supremacy is only heightened during any period of transition from an administratively centralized society to a decentralized one. Only if assemblies of the people, from city neighbourhoods to small towns, maintain the most demanding vigilance and scrutiny over any coordinating confederal bodies is a libertarian democracy conceivable. Structurally, this issue poses no problems. Communities have relied on experts and administrators without losing their freedom from time immemorial. The destruction of these communities has usually been a statist act, not an administrative one as such. Priestly corporations and chiefdoms have relied on ideology and, very significantly, on public naïveté, not primarily on force, to attenuate popular power and ultimately eliminate it.

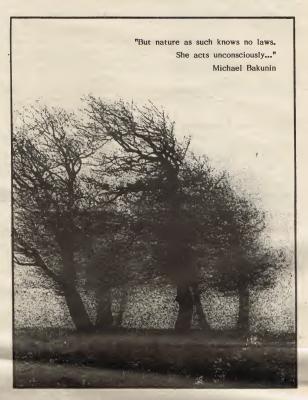
The State has never absorbed the totality of life in the past, a fact which Kropotkin implicitly indicated in Mutual Aid when he described the richly textured civic life that existed even in oligarchic medieval communes. Indeed, the city has commonly been the principal countervailing force to imperial and National-States from ancient times to the recent present. Augustus and his heirs made the suppression of municipal autonomy a centrepiece of Roman imperial administration as did the Absolute monarchs of the Reformation era. To 'tear down the city walls' was a fixed policy of Louis XIII and Richelieu, a policy that was to surface later when the Robespierrist Committee of Public Safety moved ruthlessly to restrict the powers of the Commune in 1793-94. The 'Urban Revolution,' in effect, has haunted the State as an irrepressible dual power, a potential challenge to centralized power throughout much of history. This tension exists to the present day, as witness the conflicts between the centralized State and the municipality in America and England. Here, in the most immediate environment of the individual - the community, the neighbourhood, the town,

or the village — where private life slowly begins to phase into public life, the authentic locus for functioning on a base level exists insofar as urbanization has not totally destroyed it. When urbanization will have effaced city life so completely the city no longer has its own identity, culture, and spaces for consociation, the bases for democracy — in whatever way the word is defined — will have disappeared and the question of revolutionary forms will be a shadow game of abstractions.

By the same token, no radical outlook based on libertarian forms and their possibilities is meaningful in the absence of the radical consciousness that will give these forms content and a sense of direction. Let there be no mistake about the fact that all democratic and libertarian forms can be turned against the achievement of freedom if they are conceived schematically, as abstract ends that lack that ideological substance and organicity from which every form draws its liberatory meaning. Moreover, it would be naïve to believe that forms like neighbourhood, town, and popular communal assemblies could rise to the level of a libertarian public life or give rise to a libertarian body politic without a highly conscious, well-organized, and programmatically coherent libertarian movement. It would be equally naïve to believe that such a libertarian movement could emerge without that indispensable radical intelligentsia whose medium is its own intensely vibrant community life (one is reminded here of the French intelligentsia of the Enlightenment and the tradition it established in the quartiers and cafés of Paris), not the assortment of anemic intellectuals who staff the academies and institutes of western society. \* Unless anarchists develop this waning stratum of thinkers who live a vital public life in a searching communication with their social environment, they will be faced with the very real danger of turning ideas into dogmas and becoming the selfrighteous surrogates of once-living movements and people who belong to another historical era.

It is undeniably true that one can play fast-and-loose with words like 'municipality' and 'community,' 'assemblies' and 'direct democracy,' overlooking the class, ethnic, and gender differences that have made words like 'the People' into meaningless, even obscurantistic, abstractions. The sectional assemblies of 1793 were not only forced into conflict with the more bourgeois Paris Commune and the National Convention; they were battlegrounds in their own right between propertied and propertyless strata, royalists and democrats, moderates and radicals. To anchor these strata in exclusively economic interests can be as misleading as to ignore class differences entirely and speak of 'fraternity' or 'liberty' and 'equality' as though these words were often little more than rhetoric. Enough has been written, however, to thoroughly demystify the humanistic slogans of the great 'bourgeois' revolutions; indeed, so much has been done to reduce them to mere reflexes of narrow bourgeois self-interest that we now risk the possibility of losing all sight of their populist utopian dimension. After so much has been said about the economic conflicts that divided the English, American, and French revolutions, future histories of these great dramas would now serve us best if they revealed the bourgeoisie's fear of all revolutions, its innate conservatism and proclivity for compromising with the established order. They would also serve us best if they revealed how the oppressed strata of the revolutionary era pushed the 'bourgeois' revolutions beyond the narrow confines the bourgeoisie itself established into remarkable areas of democratic principles with which the bourgeoisie has always lived in an uneasy and suspicious accommodation. The various 'rights' these revolutions formulated were achieved not because of the bourgeoisie but in spite of it by the American yeoman farmers in the 1770s and the sans culottes of the 1790s - and their future becomes increasingly questionable in a growing corporate and cybernetic world.

But this very future and recent trends — technological, societal, and cultural which shake up and threaten to decompose the traditional class structure produced by the Industrial Revolution — raise the prospect that a general interest can emerge out of the particular class interests created by the past two centuries. The word 'people' may well return to the radical vocabulary — not as an obscurantist abstraction but as a highly meaningful expression of increasingly rootless, fluid, and technologically displaced strata which can no longer be integrated into a cybernetic and highly mechanized society. To the technologically displaced strata we can add the elderly and the young who face a dubious future in a world that can no longer define the roles people play in its economy and culture. These strata no longer fit elegantly



into a simplistic division of class conflicts that radical theory structured around 'wage labour' and 'capital.'

The 'people' may return to this era in still another sense: notably as a 'general interest' that is formed out of public concern over ecological, community, moral, gender, and cultural issues. It would be unwise to downplay the crucial role of these seemingly marginal 'ideological' concerns. As Franz Borkenau emphasized nearly fifty years ago, the history of the past century tells us only too clearly that the proletariat can become more enamoured of nationalism than socialism and be guided more by a 'patriotic' interest than a 'class' interest, as any one who visits the United States today would quickly learn. Quite aside from the historic influence such ideological movements as Christianity and Islam have exercised, both of which still reveal the power of ideology to rise above material interest, we are also faced with the power of ideology to work in a socially progressive direction — notably ecological, feminist, ethnic, moral, and countercultural ideologies within which one encounters pacifist and utopistic anarchist components that await integration into a coherent outlook. In any case, new social movements are developing around us which cross traditional class lines. From this ferment, a general interest may yet be formed which is larger in its scope, novelty, and creativity than the economically oriented particular interests of the past. And it is from this ferment that a people' can emerge and sort itself out into assemblies and like forms, a 'people' that transcends particularistic interests and gives a heightened relevance to a libertarian municipal orientation.

At a time when Orwell's image of 1984 can be clearly translated into the 'megalopolis' of a highly centralized State and a highly corporatized society, we must explore the possibility of counterposing to these statist and social developments a third realm of human practice: the political realm created by the municipality, a historic development of the Urban Revolution itself that has not been fully digested by the State. Revolution always translates itself into dual power: the industrial union, soviet or council, and the Commune, all oriented against the State. A thorough examination of history will show that the factory, a creature of bourgeois rationalization, has never been the locus of

<sup>•</sup> For all its shortcomings and failings, it was this radical intelligents a that provided the cutting edge of every reductionary project in history — and, in fact, literally proposed the very ideas of social change from which the people drew their social insights. Periklet was to exemplify them in the ancient word, a John Ball or a Thomas Munteer in the medieval and Reformation eras, a Denis Diderto during the Enlightenment, an Emile Zola and Jean-Paul Sarter in relatively recent times. The academic resultation I safety recent plenomenon: a bookish, cloistered, incestious, and career-oriented creature who lacks life experience and materies.

revolution; the most explicitly revolutionary workers (the Spanish, Russian, French, and Italian) have mainly been transitional classes, indeed traditional decomposing agrarian strata which were subject to the discordant and ultimately corrosive impact of an industrial culture that is itself already becoming a traditional one. Today, in fact, where workers are still in motion, their battle is largely defensive (ironically, a battle to maintain an industrial system that is faced with displacement by a capital-intensive, increasingly cybernetic technology) and reflect the last stirrings of a wanning economy.

The city, too, is dying — but in a very different sense from the factory. The factory was never the realm of freedom. It was always the realm of survival, of 'necessity,' which disempowered and desiccated the human world around it. Its emergence was bitterly resisted by craftspeople, agrarian communities, and a more humanly scaled and communalistic world. Only the naïveté of a Marx and Engels who fostered the myth that the factory serves to 'discipline,' 'unite,' and 'organize' the proletariet could oblige radicals, mystified in their own right by the ideal of a 'scientific socialism,' to ignore its authoritarian and hierarchical role. The abolition of the factory by an ecotechnics, creative work, and, yes, by cybernetic devices designed to meet human needs, is a desideratum of socialism in its libertarian and utopian forms, indeed, a moral precondition for freedom.

By contrast, the Urban Revolution played a very different role. It establishes the idea of a universal humanitas and the communalizing of that humanity along rational and ethical lines. It raised the limits to human development imposed by the kinship tie, the parochialism of the folk world, and the suffocating effects of custom. The dissolution of genuine municipalities by urbanization would mark a grave regression for societal life: a destruction of the uniquely human dimension of consociation, of the civil life that justifies any use of the word 'vivilization' and the body politic that gives meaning and identity to the word 'politics.' Here, if theory and reality enter into conflict with each other, one is justified in invoking Georg Lukacs' famous remark: "So much the worse for the facts." Politics, so easily degraded by 'politicanis' into statecraft, must be rehabilitated by anarchism in its original meaning as a form of civic participation and administration that stands in counterposition to the State and extends beyond those basic aspects

"These theses advance the view that a libertarian municipalism is possible and a new civic politics is definable as a dual power that can counterpose assembly and confederal forms to the centralized State.

As matters now stand in the Orwellian world of the 1980's, this perspective of dual power may well be one of the most important ones,..., that libertarians can hope to develop without compromising their anti-authoritarian principles."

of human intercourse we appropriately call social.\* In a very radical sense, we must go back to the roots of the word in the polis and the unconscious stirrings of the people to create a domain for rational, ethical, and public intercourse which, in turn, gave rise to the ideal of the Commune and the popular assemblies of the revolutionary era.

Anarchism has always stressed the need for moral regeneration and for a counter-culture (to use this word in its best sense) against the prevailing culture. Hence its emphasis on ethics, its concern for a coherence of means and ends, its defence of human rights as well as civil rights, notably in its concern for oppression in every aspect of life. Its image of counter-institutions has been more problematic. It would be well to remember that there has always been a communalist tendency in anarchism, not only a syndicalist and an individualist one. Moreover, this communalist tendency has always had a strong municipalist orientation, one which can be gleaned from the writings of Proudhon and Kropotkin. What has been lacking is a searching examination of the political core of this orientation: the distinction between a realm of discourse, decision-making, and institutional development that is neither social nor statist. Civic politics is not intrinsically parliamentary politics; indeed, if we restore the authentic historic meaning of the word 'politics' to its rightful place in the radical vocabulary, it is redolent of the Athenian citizens' assembly and its more egalitarian heir, the sectional assemblies of Paris. To reach back into these historic institutions, to enrich their content with our libertarian traditions and critical analyses, and to bring them to the surface of an ideologically confused world is to bring the past to the service of the present in a creative and innovative way. Every radical tendency is burdened by a certain measure of intellectual inertia, the anarchist no less than the socialist. The security of tradition can be so comforting that it ends all possible innovation, even among anti-authoritarians.

Anarchism is beleaguered by its concern over parliamentarism and statism. This concern has been amply justified by history, but it can also lead to a siege mentality that is no less dogmatic in theory than an electoral radicalism is corrupt in practice. Yet if libertarian municipalism is construed as an organic politics, a politics that emerges from the base level of human consociation into the fullness of a genuine body politic and participatory forms of citizenship, it may well be the last redoubt for a socialism oriented toward decentralized popular institutions. A major feature of a libertarian municipalist approach is that it can evoke lived traditions to legitimate its claims, traditions which, however fragmentary and tattered, still offer the potential for a participatory politics of challenging dimensions to the State. The Commune still lies buried in the city council; the sections still lie buried in the neighbourhood; the town meeting still lies buried in the township; confederal forms of municipal association still lie buried in regional networks of towns and cities. To recover a past that can live and be reworked to suit liberatory ends is not to be captive to tradition; it is to ferret out uniquely human goals of association that have abiding qualities in the human spirit - the need for community as such - and which have welled up repeatedly over the past. They linger in the present as stillborn hopes which people find within themselves at all times and which come to the surface of history in inspired moments of action and release.

These theses advance the view that a libertarian municipalism is possible and a new civic politics is definable as a dual power that can counterpose assembly and confederal forms to the centralized State. As matters now stand in the Orwellian world of the 1980s, this perspective of dual power may well be one of the most important ones. doubtless among others, that libertarians can hope to develop without compromising their anti-authoritarian principles. Further; these these advance the view that an organic politics based on such radical participatory forms of civic association does not exclude the right of anarchists to alter city and town charters such that they validate the existence of directly democratic institutions. And if this kind of activity brings anarchists into city councils, there is no reason why such a politics should be construed as parliamentary, particularly if it is confined to the civic level and is consciously posed against the State. \* It is curious that many anarchists who celebrate the existence of a 'collectivized' industrial enterprise, here and there, with considerable enthusiasm despite its emergence within a thoroughly bourgeois economic framework can view a municipal politics that entails 'elections' of any kind with repugnance, even if such a politics is structured around neighbourhood assemblies, recallable deputies, radically democratic forms of accountability, and deeply rooted localist networks.

The city is not congruent with the State. The two have very different origins and have played very different roles historically. That the State penetrates every aspect of life today, from the family to the factory, from the union to the city, does not mean that one self-righteously withdraws from every form of organized human interrelationships, indeed from one's own skin, to an empyrean realm of purity and abstraction, one that would validate Adorno's description of anarchism as a 'ghost.' If there are any ghosts that haunt us, they take the form of a dogmatism and ritualistic rigidity so inflexible that one slips into an intellectual rigor mortis no different in kind from that which settles over a corpse frozen in the eternity of death. The power of authority to command the individual physically will have then achieved a conquest more complete than the imperatives produced by mere coercion. It will have laid its hand on the human spirit itself - its freedom to think creatively and resist with ideas, even if its capacity to act is blocked for a time by events.

Before concluding these remarks, it is worth noting that the distinction between the social and the political has a long pedigree, one which goes back to Aristotle and was to surface continually over the history of social theory, most recently in the works of Hannah Arendt. What both thinkers lacked was a theory of the State, hence the absence of a tripartite distinction in their writings.

One would hope that the ghost of Paul Brouse is not invoked against this thesis. Brouse used the libertarian municipalism of the Commune, so deeply ingrained in the Parisian people of his time, against that very communalist tradition— that is, to practise a purely boutgeois form of parliamentarism, not to bring Paris and French municipalities into opposition to the centralized State, as the Commune of 1793 tried to do. There was nothing organic about his views of municipalism and nothing revolutionary about his intentions. Everyone has used the image of the Commune for different purposes: Marx to anchor his theory of the 'proletarian dictatonship' in historic precedent; Lenin to legitimate a totally Jacobin 'politics,' and anarchists, more critically, for communalism."

minder of the urgency of our steadily deteriorating situation, and of the neces-

sity to present an alternative vision to

into knots over." And here at least one might expect that anarchists could be fairly well in agreement with him. However, his fetishized view of the parameter of scale overemphasizes its Importance to the point where the phenomena of alienation and powerlessness are almost ignored. As he says, he believes that the concept of scale is "at bottom, the single critical and decisive determinant of all human constructs, be they buildings, systems or societies." This statement shows by just how far Sale misses the essential understanding of most anarchists that reified power (hierarchy or authority) is a more fundamen-tal parameter, or in Sale's words a more "decisive determinant" and that in Land Trusts he mentions in this context could ever by themselves involve more than a minute segment of primarily un-

When it comes to discussing polity, Sale beats around the bush in an apparent attempt to avoid mentioning the conent attempt to avoid mentioning the con-cept of anarchy. Instead he describes the Taoism of Lao Tsu as one of the few "religions" to advocate "the decen-tralization of political power, the values of village and communal life and the goal of egalitarian...status in familial and kinship relations," And certainly Lao Tsu's philosophy of Taoism has a direct relevance for reconstructing a post-industrial radical ecological perspec tive, assuming as it does a unity of our



Page 9

UNDER PRETEXT OF THE PUBLIC GDDD IT IS TO BE EXPLOITED,



AND THEN





AT THE LEAST PROTEST OR WORD OF COMPLAINT



TO BE FINED, HARASSED, VILIFIED,



BEATEN UP, BLUDGEONED, DISARMED,



Continued on page 5 JUDGED, CONDEMNED, IMPRISDNED,

## far-sighted or myopic?

For Sale, this alternative vision is organized around the concept of the "bioregion"--an area "defined by its life forms, its topography and its biota, rather than by human dictates; a region governed by nature, not legislature." In one of the weakest chapters of the book Sale also describes some of the "natural implications" of this concept, which include knowing the land, learning its lore, developing its potential, and liberating the self. And he recommends that "we can best guide ourselves in reconstructing human societies for a bioregional world" through the "diligent study" of the "laws of nature."

I doubt It's any coincidence that this central part of Sale's work, his description of the idea of bioregionalism and its major implications, is so weakly and its major implications, is so weakly written, so unlinspiring and so full of authoritarian imagery (laws and government). I think, rather, that it's symptomatic of a major failure of radical ecological thinking in general—the inability to perceive living nature from the

At first sight radical ecologists appear puzzlingly unable to relate human nature to their grand concept of Nature in any sort of natural way. All their categories of analysis begin with a natural world so estranged from human experience that, despite the pervasive rhetoric of "holism," we continually seem to find ourselves cut off and separatealways on the outside looking in. But the puzzle unravels when we look squarely at the fundamental dilemma of radical ecology. On the one hand there is an extreme and fairly well justified distrust of "internal nature" (human/social motives and activities) in relation to "external nature" (the rest of the world), leading to a theoretical duality in which inter-nal nature becomes colored as always "evil" and external nature as consistently pure and "good." Yet on the other hand radical ecologists, remaining human beings themselves, can only speak to other "evil" human beings, since different life forms, geographic and geologic features, etc. are usually not very interested in theory per se.

Quite naturally then the outcome is a dualistic and ideological approach to theory in which dumb nature must be defended by the imposition of a new human morality. For if human nature is inherently bad, any good must be imposed upon it from without. And if good theory can only come from external nature, it can only come from a nature that is perceived as other-than-ourselves and not a nature perceived as a living unity whose flesh we all share. This almost inevitably translates into a moral demand that humanity submit to Nature's laws and suffer Nature's punishments. And so we move directly from the stern, humoriess, authoritarian god of Christianity, to an equally stern and authoritarlan, no-second-chance Nature which now threatens our extinction as a species.

Sale goes on to develop his "biore-gional paradigm" further by discussing ome of its crucial parameters--scale, economy, polity and society. And in the details of these discussions we can con-tinue to see how far he is from having much of real worth to say to anarchists.

Sale begins his consideration of

scale by arguing that "scale...solves many of the abstract and theoretical problems the philosophers dither themselves

At first sight radical ecologists appear puzzlingly unable to relate human nature to their grand concept of Nature.... All their categories of analysis begin with a natural world so estranged from human experience that, despite the pervasive rhetoric of "holism," we continually seem to find ourselves cut off and separate--always on the outside looking in.

actuality the parameter of scale tends to be related to the level of relfled power in a society as a largely depen-dent variable. In other words, If hierarchical power did not exist in a society, there would be little chance of any deformation of scale developing indepen-dently. Whereas it is quite easy to Imagine an appropriately scaled society in which hierarchies might develop, which goes on to extend its rule to larger-scale formations as it gains the technical capabilities to do so. In fact we could find many historical examples of such situations.

In his discussion of economy Sale promotes the usual ecological perspective which calls for sustainability and stability rather than development, progress and growth.\*\*\* Indeed, this is one of the stronger sections of the book, as Sale capably argues that a sustainable, conservative and ecological economy would "upon a minimum number of goods and the minimum amount of envi onmental disruption along with the maximum use of renewable resources and the maximum use of human labor and ingenuity." Though even here he makes few questionable claims and relies on a few too many conventional assump-For example, when he proposes more labor intensive economy, he only in passing questions the fundamental nature of work itself, and argues for the traditional myopic leftist demand for the creation of "more jobs." Likewise, while he develops all the appropriate arguments for self-sufficiency--entailing self-regula-tion, self-reliance and self-empowerment --he evades mentioning in context the essential problem which prevents realization--the private, corporate and government ownership of land and the social means of production. In fact, he completely refuses to face the eventual

necessity of displacing the actual owners and managers of the current economy, preferring instead to speak in vaguely utopian terms of possibilities like "com-munal ownership," as if the Community \*\*\*At this point'I think most anarchists would \*\*\*At this point: I think most anarchists would agree with this, having returned largely to their traditional view which grew out of the anarchist movement's historical roots in peasant traditions, the guilds of artisans and craftsmen, and the independence of the petty bourgeois and the professions. It was only with the rise of the increasingly rooties industrial proletariat that a large segment of the interest of the interesting the professions. It was only under the professions with the professions in the professions in the profession of the pr

animal nature and our world which is contrary to Sale's vision, neither moral-lstic, nor ideological nor religious. But the best word Sale can muster for his description of the "politics" of nature turns out to be "libertarian." How reck-How daring! Would it be too much to ask of someone who is propos-ing a "cross-pollination" of ecological and anarchist movements to at least unambiguously mention the existence of the anarchist tradition in such an appropriate context as this?

There is recurrent evidence of antiauthoritarian impulses behind Sale's description of a bioregional polity, such as his declaration that it "would seek the diffusion of power, the decentralization of institutions, with nothing done at a higher level than necessary, and all nighter level than necessary, and an authority flowing upward incrementally from the smallest political unity to the largest." But he never follows through with this promise. Besides refusing to even mention the anarchist tradition, he describes the "goal of government...in the 20th century" In the most naive terms imaginable as "to provide liberty, equality, efficiency, welfare and security in some reasonable balance." (Please tell me what planet this man lives on!]
And the tension between his authoritarlan and anarchic impulses continues as political domination would have no place: systems of ruler-and-ruled, of electedpresident-and-electing-people, are ecological," only to completely reverse himself later on when he suggests the possibility of "someday establishing a na-tional party and electing a President

committed to bioregional empowerment."

In his discussion of society, Sale emphasizes the importance of symbiosis (let's not mention "mutual aid" or Kropotkin, though), and argues for a reconclliation of clty and countryside (a traditionally anarchist and utoplan theme, but let's not mention this either!). He also pushes the concept of homeorrhesis or "evolutionary adjustment" (as usual making it another natural "law") to argue among other things for evolutionary social change instead of revolution (and of course we all know that revolutions

are never found in nature!).

But If all the confusions and contradictions in Sale's description of his bioregional vision become irritating and annoying after awhile, when we finally reach his prescription for change (the development of a bioregional movement), we are faced with a formula so full of superficiality, opportunism and mushmindedness that it makes the rest of the book almost sound coherent by com-

To hear Sale tell it, it would seem that the bioregional movement has so much going for it that it can't miss. In fact at times it sounds as if he thinks the brave new bioregional world is already here. After all, as Sale says, "bio-regionalism is a natural and organic response to what is arguably the most profound contemporary trend of all: the disintegration of the established forms and systems that have characterized the Western world--its industrial economy, its mass society, its nation-state--for most of the last five centuries." I hope you're more observant than I am, though, since I haven't yet seen any industrial economies disintegrate, nor any hints that millions of people have recently

## **Reader's Corner**

### **A Summer Place**

by Kerry Wendell Thornley

An imaginative entrepreneur began fashioning crowns of thorns out of strands of the barbed wire that had surrounded the presidential palace. Decorated with ribbons, they were sold as mementos of the revolution.

Approaching the miraculous ease with which Joshua caused the walls of Jericho to fail, unarmed civilians flocked around the strategic points of contention and kept government guns and tanks at hav.

bay. In another sense, though, it was more like a second coming of the Love Generation of the sixtes where it might be least expected—halfway around the world from the U.S. in a port on the South China Sea. Beautiful maiders handed flowers and candies to soldiers.

A revolution backed by a popular election left only sixteen dead and sent dictator Ferdinand Marcos packing, so the wife of his assassinated rival could step in as president.

step in as president.

A story-book revolution that scarcely seemed possible to the rest of the world even after it happened, the insurrection of Wednesday, February 26th 1986, in Manila brought to my mind the words of Ramon Magasysay, the last great president the Philippines. Ired to the property of the property of

what was impossible, so five impossible could be accomplished.

Let me tell you about the first time. The middle of the work o

Memories of Ramon Magagaysay, who had died some time ago, were still so poignantly fresh that to mention his name among Filiphnos without bringing tears to their eyes seemed impossible. And since the plane he was in had crashed much else had become impossible once more as well. Honest government and a degree of economic justice

ment and a degree of economic justice were evidently among then by the pure and there in Manila without body-guards! In this country everyone who wins a political office hires their relatives. Only Magsaysay used to also fire this relatives—whenever he suddenly walked into a government office and caught one of them not working." The speaker was a university student—there are lifteen end of them not more than a called out, perceiving that I was an acceptable out, perceiving that I was an American, just after I had strolled past the presidential palace where so much was to happen more than a querter century later. I accepted what turned out be an invitation to join them and Magsaysay was an obvious topic of casual conversation.

Spontaneous chats like this were happening ail the time, partly because I was an American and partly, I think,



SHOT, GARROTED,

just because Filipinos tend culturally to be rather uninhibited about striking up conversations with strangers. They seem more like Californians than, say, New Englanders. My first arrival in Manila was the

My first arrival in Manila was the result of a bus ride from Olongapo, the barrionear Subic Bay Naval Air Station. I was in the Marines on liberty. Such things as a bus with one whole side removed, instead of air-conditioning, and a black savage in a loin cloth who waved a spear and shouted as we rounded a curve in the jungle were new adventures. Bus passengers with live chickens under their arms were also beyond the ken of my previous experience.

their arms were also beyond the ken of my previous experience.

So when I stepped off in Manila i was grateful when a cab driver offered for a few pesso to give me a guided for a few pesso to give me a guided moustache, Juan was a very medical was a wery who drove me around pointing out one landmark after another and patiently answering one question after another. There was nothing of the Mexican border-town hustler about him, and that surprised me, because I had dealt in Tijuana with Latins who didn't much like Yankees. Eventually I was to realize that Americans were almost ridiculously was also also the surprised me, and the surprised me, and the surprised me, because I had dealt in Tijuana with Latins who didn't much like Yankees. Eventually I was to realize that Americans were almost ridiculously was also me to the surprised me, and the surpr

Juan's own memories of the Japanese occupation were vivid: "They used to rape and sodomize little five and sixyear-old children. A game they used to play was throwing little babies up in the air and catching them on their bayonets."

air and catching them on their bayonets."

My only difficulty with Juan was in understanding all his words. I'd not yet caught on to the Filipino accent which interchanges p's and I'd, for example. As much Tagalog, the regional dialect, as Spanish, it can be elusive to the untrained ear. An overwhelming majority speak English, though, "because we have so many dialects we have to speak English or Spanish just to communicate among ourselves."

Late in the alternoon as the tour neared its end where it began we entered a section of Manila called Intramuros, or the City of Walls. "This area," said Juan, "was bombed Walls. "This area," said Juan, "was bombed during the war and has never been cleaned up." What I at first thought was a rather large cardboard carron loomed up ahead. Then I realized there were people living in It—a shack made entirely of corrugated pasteboard. A small child with spindly legs and a pot belijy stood in what could be called the yard; there was obviously little possibility he would live many years longer. These people, I realized suddenly, were starving to

death.

Even Juan, who certainly must have been used to sights like this, sounded heartbroken as he told me, "These are the squatters. When Magsay-say was president the government was moving them out of Intramuros to their own homesteads in the country. But not anymore. These days they are just left here to starve."

here to starve."
We pulled up in front of a church that alone, among all these bombed-out ruins, was unscatched. "This," he said, "must have been a miracle. The only building in Intramuros that wasn't hit was this church." No miracle, however, had stopped the Japanese, previous to the American bombing, from herding a bunch of Filipinos into this same edifice, pouring gasoline over them, and cremating them alive.

wish When the tour ended and Juan wished me a happy stay, I found a morbid curiosity drawing me back toward the City of Walls. On foot this time, I entered intramuros by the light of the setting sun. Across a space of vacant land, a man who looked like a skeleton with rawhide stretched over it came toward me from the opposite direction. What struck me were his big brown eyes. They were not dull and resigned as I had

Imagined the eyes of the starving to look. In hideous panic we exchanged glances, without speaking, as we passed within a few feet of one another-and there I was, by this time in what is known as a shanty-town, with more of the same. I wanted to cry and I wanted to kill at the same time; whoever was to blame for this I wanted shot.

A whole family starving to death together in the same hovel Is no less disturbing than a whole family being tortured to death in the same room. In fact, they are the same, except that starvation takes longer.

lact, they are the same, except that starvation takes longer. When people who've been among famine victums in places like Ethiopia or Sudan tell you there is no way you can imagine what it is like, they are not exaggerating. I knew the statistics; I had seen the photographs. I was even rather concerned about starvation. But until that evening I did not begin to imagine the heart-rending horror of its reality.

Imagine to a complete of months earlier, on Temporary Additional Duty in the States, I'd been sitting in a San Francisco bar discussing this very problem with a Marxist, and complaining about the au-

thoritarian aspects of Marxist-Leninism.
"Here's the thinking," said Nick
Granich, "about that subject in countries
like China. They figure: first fill people's stomachs and then worry about
civil liberties."

Less than an hour before Juan had been telling me how much Filipinos hate Communists. Suddenly I found that I was one because I could no longer bring myself to disagree with what Nick had said. (My conversion, as It turned out, was short-lived because I decided that September that authoritarian systems are inefficient in food production; I have remained ever since then, however, a fanatic about the subject of adequate social organization for eliminating starvation.)

Out of Intramuros, I was by now wandering through a section of town that, aithough a slum, seemed prosperous by comparison. A cab driver pulled up next to me. "This is Paco!" he called out, "the most dangerous place in Manila. Let me take you somewhere else, Joe." "That's all right," I said. "You only live once." How often does some-

only live once," How often does someone like me get to explore someplace like this?
"That's right," he said, and if I

"That's right," he said, and if I wanted my one life to last any longer i better get in his cab.

I assumed he was just trying to hustle a fare. Until the next day—in

hustle a fare. Until the next day-in Paco again-- when I found it impossible to flag a taxi down. Most cab drivers were so afraid of Paco they wouldn't stop to pick up riders there.

were so alraid of Paco they wouldn't stop to pick up riders there.

That morning i had returned to Paco, perhaps drawn by the same curiosity that carried me back to intramuros the night before. Upon passing a barber shop with an open front, i stepped in for a shawer.

for a shave.

In the distance I could hear a woman's voice--singing. Whether or not
the song was "a summer place" I don't
remember. Probably It was. The voice,
i shall never forget, was like that of
an opera singer. It kept getting closer.
My face was lathered and the bar-

an opera singer. It kept getting closer,
My face was lathered and the barber was beginning his work by the time,
still singing, a very chubby woman entered the shop. Her name, I learned,
was Soledad, Within the hour she was
showing me around Paco and telling me
have life's receiv beriden.

her Ilfe's story besides.

By now I'd begun to notice another
peculiarity of Filipho English--the phrase
just only was unusually frequent. Why
was I just only in Paco? Her name was
Soiedad, but sometimes her friends just
only called her Soly. She'd broken up
with her husband because he just only
wanted her for her body. If I had time
she would like me to meet just only
a couple of her friends.

They seemed like nice guys-gentle,

They seemed like nice guys-gentle, in spite of ducktail haircuts slicked down with scented grease. Shaking hands with them was almost more like holding

hands--something two Filipino males often do without any loss of masculine status. If machismo was ever popular with the Spaniards who imported most of the culture here, it never made much of an inroad with these islanders.

of the cutture level, reper landers and of an inroad with these islanders, and of visiting senior ference in the landers and of visiting senior ference in the landers and the landers and the landers and solve and landers and lande

They said he had been injured in a knife fight, but to say this guy had been cut to ribbons, while possibly a cliche, was not, however, much of an exaggeration. A straight razor had made maybe as few as four of five incisions in him, but they were of incredible length and he was only kept alive by fluids pumped

through tubes by little machines.
Everywhere outside her own neighborhood in Paco that Soly and I went alone together, she drew catcalls, because any Filipino woman in Manila who appears on the streets with an American serviceman is thought to be a prostitute. Juan had shown me the Immediately visible Manila, Soly was showing me another. So after we parted company with her friends after leaving the hospital, we decided to go our own separate ways with plans to meet again the next after-

Before long I was teaching myself the fine points of jeepney riding. "Jeepney" is a term signifying a cross between a jitney and a jeep, or weapons carrier. Back seats are removed and benches along both sides are substituted, a canopy is erected over the whole works and then the vehicle is usually painted up in gaudy colors, sometimes with polika dots. Every jeepney driver follows a simple route, back and forth up and down this or that street or boulevard. To turn a corner in your travels you get off one jeepney and hail another, heading in the direction desired. Since there were seads of them and fare was only ten centavos, i found the free enterprizing jeepney system the most efficient for getting from anywhere to anywhere to september of the season of the centary is a service was soon to confide, it was not purely free market; you had to bribe the cops a peso a day to stave in business cops.

To hail a jeepney you stand on the curb, press your tongue against your form top teeth and go "Pssssssssst" Getting the hang of making my "Pssssssssst" carry over the sound of traffic took some practice. Until then I had trouble getting the damed things to stop not only to pick me up, but also to let me off-for both occasions take a

"Eventually I found my travels taking me near the largest public library,
so I entered that building to see if I
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Expecting to find a rousing call to arms, I found instead a melancholy ode of almost dream-like beauty. I could imagine young girs picking wild flowers and thinking of Jose Rizal as a lover as much as a revolutionist. Fill-pinos of all ages and both sexes believe in knights on white horses, anyway. As one writer commented, Spanish culture before Cervantes must have been the same way. No man of La Mancha ever ventured across the landscape of the Phillippines, though, so unabashed romanticism reigns on up into the present age. This is both a strength and a weakness, as astonishing heights in Idealism and a pathetically trusting faith in the floctont of the process of the pro

## Reader's Corner

### Reagan's Drug War

by Kurt Nimmo

On every TV channel it's the same
--Ron and Nancy live from the White
House sitting room, reading from a teleprompter. Nancy says, "I implore each
of you to be unyielding and inflexible in
your opposition to drugs." Ron dredges up the patriotic imagery he is now fa-mous for--young soldiers dying selflessly to safeguard American values, fallen he-roes who "did this for you, for me, for a new generation" which must "carry our democratic experiment proudly forward."

All of it is in jeopardy, Ron emphasizes, because "drugs are menacing our society, threatening our values, undercutting our institutions and killing our children."

From government to media, I am not allowed to forget the "cancer of drug use." The Democratic-controlled The Democratic-controlled would deploy the military in an effort to bulwark the borders against drug smuggling, a severe article of legislation which would subject individuals to unreasonable search and seizure, and authorize the use of illegally obtained evidence in court. Senators and newspaper editorial-ists propose oppressive measures--torture dealers and hang them in public squares.
All over the country, the anti-drug

zealots are trying to upstage each other with feeble-minded and venomous pro-

American hypocrisy exposes itself with the trumped-up political and media paroxysm of the drug pandemic. Where, paroxysm of the drug pandemic. Where, one might ask was the concern for the victims when drug abuse and death was primarily a black ghetto phenomenon? America—and by this I mean white, middle class America--gets involved only when its own children are at risk. the not too distant past it wasn't unclus-tomary to see drug addiction as a character trait of indolent blacks and Hispanics. Drug addiction and suffering

was something to be ignored or ascribed to the inferiority of "colored" minorities. It's no secret that so-called mafia organizations once made agreements which stipulated that drugs, especially heroin, would be sold exclusively in the ghetto.

During the Nixon administration, it is alleged, heroin was clandestinely im-ported from southeast asia by the CIA for distribution In America's powderkeg ettos. This was a scheme cooked up 1967 riots. It was a counterinsurgency tactic which proved to be very success-

Heroin isn't popular in the suburbs, but cocaine is. There is little threat of insurrection in Pleasantville--people are taking record amounts of drugs for other reasons. Being stoned is a way of coping with a brutal and dismal sys-tem, a system of coerced participation in the drudgery of wage existence. Is it any wonder that an incalculable numher of zeks strive to artificially stimulate their pleasure centers when all joy and spontaneity have been eliminated from their lives, when their only alterna-tive is boredom and tedium? Monotonous jobs in vapid offices and factories, dependence on transitory commodities, and surrender of creativity to the authoritarian demands of pertinacious capital render millions honeless, despondent and wooden. Certain drugs may destroy, but the destruction is relatively quick--for many a far better fate than being effaced slowly and laboriously, compelled to produce articles which are often divorced from any logical or significant meaning. People deprived of identity and worth, existing in the tediously uniform and unvarying environment of pro-duction, frequently ingest drugs for the same reason the cancer nationt is administered analgesics -- to alleviate pain and

distress. Drug abuse is a reaction to the prospect of selling one's life away for survival, of living in a lifeless and grotesque civilization.

The humiliation involved in the act

of working to survive isn't enough--there are new demands for obedience and sur-render emanating from administrative centers and boardrooms. Mandatory drug tests, recommended by a report from the president's Commission on Organized Crime, are designed to guarantee a do-cile, submissive, and straight workforce, a workforce which must come to understand that it's life, on or off the job, belongs to capital. Urinalysis is but the latest affront in a psychological war which demands a variety of "give-backs"

--wage cuts, concessions, and lay-offs.

Finally, the "war on drugs" serves

as a prototype for incursions against our civil liberties yet to come. Capital, increasing its essential and insatiable greed by leaps and bounds (which are indicative of the celerity of its new technologies) has little tolerance for free doms which potentially mitigate its yield. Human equality--social, political, and economic rights and privileges--are anathema to the rapacious character of modern capital. Only a moron left for two hundred years in a cave would believe that the present government -- an authoritarian body conceived by a gang of slave-holding aristocrats to secure their wealth from taxation and expropriation--is con-cerned with preserving integral rights of a powerless and often resented publicat-large. The ephemeral American "ex-periment" of restrained and compromised freedom (that is, until recently, a freedom for white males with at least modest amounts of money) is nearly finished. Even the great and vulgar public, when polled, say that the Bill of Rights (which, incidently, was included in the



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Constitution only after much debate) is dangerous, gives criminals (poor criminals, that is) too many rights, and is an incentive to "anarchy,"

#### A Summer Place

Continued from page 10 wery speeches of politicians go hand in

with it. Then I began looking up biographical data on Rizal and made an Interest-ing discovery. Another hero of the same revolution, Andres Bonifacio, had

been played down because of American influence. Rizal had, at least in the opinion of one of the books I was read-ing, been used to upstage Bonifacio. Andres Bonifacio was more the radical leftist firebrand than Jose Rizal, the softspoken poet.

On July 4th of 1946 the United States gave the Republic of the Philip-

pines independence--along with Intra-muros and the San Miguel breweries (in which Douglas McArthur nevertheless rewhich boughs McArthur nevertheless re-tained a significant portion of stock). Compared to the way the French treated the Vietnamese, Uncle Sam did right by the Filipinos. Yet, as telltale signs such as the Rizal/Bonifacio stories were beginning to reveal, it all looked much nicer in the history books that covered the whole matter in a few paragraphs and then went on to something else. Basically, it looked to me like the Philippines had in reality been dumped as an unprofitable investment, much as a corporate conglomerate would get rid of a subsidiary that was costing more than it was worth. Given a few large mineral deposits, history probably would've

taken quite another turn

"Too bad they don't like commu-nists here," I kept thinking. Before long I was entertaining dreams of coming back when I got out of the service to establish a newspaper, The Red Roo-

So I wandered the streets of Manila, much of that day and the next, thinking about what it would take to pro-duce significant political change.

I sat in a cafe drinking coffee and day-dreaming about such things. Either "a summer place" or "my little corner of the world" was playing on the jukebox. Back out on the streets I noticed how much more slowly life went on here than in the states. Pedestrians moved along at half the speed, it seemed.

There wasn't much choice but to get in the mood for it. As much was true of my plans for revolution. I was a marine, so they would have to wait.

so they would have to wait.

Sunday afternoon I was back in Paco, getting rip-roaring drunk with Soledad, before staggering aboard the bus and returning to base. With me I also took some nice memories of the previous night spent with a lovely pro-stitute in my Chinese hotel.

Ten months later, upon returning to the U.S. and getting discharged, I bought a boat ticket with my separation pay. I was going back to Manila, providing i could figure out how to survive once I arrived--broke. Actually my idea was to somehow make some more money before departure time. I prepared lectures of my experiences in the marines in the far east and attempted to go into business selling tickets for them. In-stead, I wound up cashing in my boat ticket and going to New Orleans. The chances of winding up a squatter in the City of Walls myself seemed too great.

As it was, I went for two weeks without eating in New Orleans before securing part-time work. From there on my life took other turns and where I was located geographically came to seem less and less important as the years passed. You can promote revolutionary values and raise consciousness wherever you find yourself. And wherever you are you can study the social mechanisms that cause massive starvation and work



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send you anymore of our papers

--there's no one at home to read them anyway. You're just another zombie for Jesus!

Under my cell door

Anarchy,
I am a prisoner here in
Texas. I am doing a 4-year
sentence for possession of 2
hits of LSD. Because I have
refused to submit to forced
slave labor, I have been put in
solitory confinement.

solitary confinement. I spend

23 hours a day in a 6-foot by 9-foot cell, only coming out for

an hour each day for a recrea-tion period and a 3-minute shower. Because 1 am not

earning any "good-time" credit the warden told me I must de

my sentence day for

## Letters

#### Never again please

Dear C.A.L., We request that you never again put the Anarchy journal in our yard, R.&D.M., Columbia, MO.

#### New discovery

he only free magazine ! felt like paying for. Here's \$9 for 3 subscriptions.... Eat the rich,

C.G., Columbia, MO.

#### Off to college

Hi Lev, Thanks for writing back. Inanks for writing back.

Off I go to college-I just read
the "Poverty of Student Life"
pamphlet from France '68 and
chuckled at how perfect it is in describing certain aspects of college. But I also felt sad at the same time. I've never wanted to go to college but I don't know what else to do without working....I spoke with a couple people from Germany and they concur with your sen-timents on the Greens. They say they haven't gotten involved with them because they are just another liberal-left party, etc. They say that Americans have a pretty picture of the Greens that isn't really true. Wishful thinking probably. I still think there must be something there though cos Cohn-Bendit is still with them. Who knows!?,...
T.M., lowa City, IA.

#### Shirtless women

Anarchy,
I do like your newspaper! I do like your newspaper! It's got some articles that are quite interesting & a little out of the mainstream four ord the mainstream for anarchist mag's that is!!). My fave was "Shirtless pinic." Personally, it really pisses me off that men can go around shirtless & women cannot, but I didn't know other people were thinking about this also....

Luna Ticks, Phila. PA. Editor's note: Luna's comix have appeared in ANARCHY #12 and in this issue. We'll publish more in future issues.)

#### Sexist graphic

Dear Anarchy,

I just received a copy of No. 12 & I'm peeved at the graphic on the back page. To refresh your memory: it's a refresh your memory: it's a picture of a seated man, his head in his hands, with a woman kneeling at his feet, hold-ing one of his legs (ministering to his (k)needs?). This is a sexist & offensive graphic. It depicts the subjugation of womyn, fulfilling our societal role as nuturers of men. Would you have printed a picture of a black ministering in this pose to



SWINDLED DECEIVED

a white? Or a man ministering in this way to a woman? dare you.

Denying that this image perpetuates the sexism which is already killing womyn doesn't

work.
When will sexist anarchists (mostly male, some female in my experience) realize that misogyny doesn't disappear the day the label "anarchist" is donned? It takes long hard work. & self-criticism is a key par of this process.

While smashing the state, why not smash the patriarchy? (They're pretty much the same

Kat Morgan, Boulder, CO. Rat Morgan, Boulder, CO.
P.S. The article on womyn
taking back our bodies was
great to see! Yeah radical
womyn!

#### Lev Chernyi replies

I never cease to be amazed at how cocksure some ideologues can be that their own personal, idiosyncratic in-terpretations of other people's photographs and graphic art are the absolute, unquestionable last word & gospel truth.

I'm genuinely curious how it is that you know exactly
what this drawing expresses;
that you know it was either
meant to be "sexist and offensive," or that even if its creator intended otherwise, that it is "sexist and offensive" anyway!

"sexist and offensive" anyway!
Is it politically incorrect
for a woman to be "nurturing"?
Is all "nurturing of men by women" a "subjugation of womyn"?
If you answer "yes" to any of these three questions, I suggest you step back a minute and take a look at how far your ideological feminism has driven you away from understanding and appreciating the richly am biguous and interwoven realities we all live through with our we all live through with our friends, neighbors, lovers & strangers every day. Your re-treat into the abstract "safety" of a rigid, black-&-white system Interpretation, and the moralistic, absolutist judgements it entails, only isolates you from life; it adds nothing of

#### Zombies for Jesus

Dear Editor of Anarchy,

Received 3 of your papers in my mailbox. As a born-again Christian I of course could not receive the material in your paper. It insults my intelli-gence and the language used was horrendous. The pictures did not boost my moral (sic) either.

The reason you are so un happy is because the world system is run by Satan and he has no mercy for anyone, but the good news is that one day soon Jesus Christ who died for you & me will rule the world and his government will be a just government and Satan will be bound in a pit and an angel guarding the pit.

The U.S. is still the best

place to live-if you don't think so try living in some other countries for awhile and con-

I have enclosed a tract (Editor's note: excerpts from the tract appear on this page.) which I would like you to read with an open mind as I did read one of your papers with an open mind. But since I have the mind of Christ, the Holy Spirit In me said, "reject,"

overcoming life even in this

"This is a sexist & offensive graphic. It depicts the subjugation of womyn, fulfilling our societal role as nurturers of men."



LETTERS ... On this part (J.K.) were to the transportation server to poor a designed point and the special part of the contract of the contrac

Lord is my strength. My way of life works and yours doesn't because you are so unhappy. However, I still love you in the Lord and I will be praying that God will open the spiritual understanding of your eyes soon.

Love in Jesus Name
S.S., Columbia, MO.

P.S. Don't send me anymore of your papers.

#### Lev Chernyi replies

It is mindless drivel like this which makes me wonder if there was ever any human intelligence in "born-agains" before they gave up their lives for Jesus. Or were they all just brain-dead from hirth? Serious ly, this whole mentality is quite frightening to me—it reminds me of the "Night of the Living Dead." Only the husk of a

"Learn to HATE for

those tiny, rectan-

GOD. These are

gular "Christian"

comic books that

the ones with

grinning zombies hand

you on the street--

hate, manipulating

the lowest human

If the Devil were

to make Jesus look

bad, this is it....

there with the craziest Nazi UFO

are Truth."

(Quote from the WHOLE EARTH

REVIEW [No. 52], POB 15187, Santa

Ana, CA, 92705)

Jesus would puke!

These rank right down

rantings, yet to many

ignorant racists, these

religious instincts....

and personality are totally sup-planted by an alien being (in this case an allen ideology). If Jesus is the answer, the

question must be "How can commit mental suicide?" O of the founders of the anarchist movement, Michael Bakunin, summed up the relation of rell-glon and human freedom quite succinctly:

"The idea of God implies the abdication of human reason and justice; it is the most deci-sive negation of human liberty and necessarily ends in the enslavement of mankind both In theory and practice.

He who desires to worship God must harbor no childish illusions about the matter but bravely renounce his liberty and

> don't worry S.S., we won't Someone who I do not









"AND WHOSOEVER WAS NOT FOUND WRITTEN IN THE BOOK OF LIFE WAS CAST INTO THE LAKE OF FIRE."

know, slipped an issue of Anarchy under my cell door this afternoon and I found it to be afternoon and I lound to very interesting reading.... Thanx,

E.M., Tennessee Colony, TX.

#### Radical decentralism

Editor, Greens and Bioregionalists as an upfront libertarian-Gandhianradical decentralist for the last 2½ years. I've had many sorry run-lns with the more authoritarian (mostly male, some fe-male) types. But I do think it important that anti-authoritarians continue our involvement in Green and Bioregional organizations because the ecological viewpoint is inherently radical-

decentralist-anarchist. First, we must keep push-ing the logical conclusions of non-violence, decentralism, grass-roots/consensus democracy, feminism and diversity that Greens and Bioregionalists talk about so much. Non-violence means not just non-violent action, or non-violent civilianbased defense, but non-violent sanctions to "enforce" community laws or decisions. That ty laws or decisions. That means only non-violent methods like publicity, picketing and boycotts; no police with guns or prisons. Decentralism can be bureaucratic top down decisions as to how much power for local communities is "appropriate" or "practical") or it can be radical. (breaking down nation-states and achieving community autonomy and self-determination through withdrawal of consent from the central government). We, of course, push for the latter. Grassroots/consensus democracy means you don't make a deci-sion till almost everyone agrees, so no elites can impose their will on the majority, or majori-ties impose it on minorities. Feminism means women, and less aggressive men, can stand up to the most dominant males in the group (who usually are statists and centralists) and describe the negative effect their dominance is having on other members of the group. Diversity means tolerance for anarchist

community alternatives.

Second, we must both give support to other anti-authori tarian Greens and Bioregional-lists and encourage those leaning in that direction to learn more about and strengthen their com-mitment to our libertarian-antiauthoritarian Interpretations of non-violence, decentralism, democracy, feminism and diver-

sity.

While it can be painful dealing with the authoritarians in Green and Bioregional groups and frustrating to see how many in these groups vaciliate be-tween anti-authoritarian and authoritarian positions, it is rewarding to me to see that the more purist, radical Interpretations of Green/bioregional va-lues are becoming more and more accepted by the majority of members. I'd encourage peo-ple to become involved in their local Green and Bioregional groups. However, avoid the "national" organizations where the real power trippers tend to congregate. Loose networking and strategizing on a continental level are all that's really neces-

My newsletter, Decentralizel, is dedicated to exploring non-violent radical decentralist strategies and advocating posi-tions I've mentioned in this letter. Decentralize! is a quarterly, \$3 per year. Send for a





free sample to 632 Cloverdale Box #106, Los Angeles, North America 90036.

Ontimistically Carol Moore, Los Angeles, CA.

#### Punk poetry

Dear Anarchy,

Well hell, it's about time
I wrote you all...I came across
some poems. I think you'll like
them. Please print one or two
or all in the next issue. They were all written by Bruce Feldt. P.A., Saratoga, CA.

#### Politician's War

I sit alone, tired and cold story told My heart is heavy, my feet are sore

politician's war So hard to tell from

friend or foe When will It stop, I don't know I got a wound deep in

my soul bullet hole

They shipped me here to save the day To free the people or so

But the children stare with haunted eyes
As Agent Orange pollutes

their skies And foreign soldlers protect their land And speak in words they don't understand

And kill the guilty and And still they fight politician's war

AS WE SEE IT!

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#### Seagull anarchists

Dear comrades of the League. First, I send you un em-brace, hoping that you find en-doyment & excellent health, and that your families and other anarchist comrades in the U.S. find the same.
Thank you very much for

sending the material we re-ceived. It is very interesting in its content.

In your correspondence, you asked me "Who is Lorenzo?" you asked me "Who is Lorenzo?"
Ilis name was Anselmo Lorenzo,
a Spanish anarchist theorist who
was born in 1842 and died in
1914. One of his books is entitied El Proteariado Militante.
-Another Spaniard well-known
for his libertarian ideas is
Ricarko Mellia. Some othera,
Turrida del Marmol and Felipe
- Alaiz. Libertarian ideas were
organism of the consultation o brought to Venezuela by the Spaniards who came here after the fall of the Spanish revolutions. They have, in one way or another, spread their teach-ings and brought recognition to

the comrades preceding them in their fight. We can't say very good we can't say very good things about the economic situa-tion here. The president has issued some official statements, but we don't know who will benefit from them. City wor-kers continue to be pounded by the high cost of living. Every day the unemployment rate is higher. Personal insecurity is strowing because compression growing, because some people have neither the foundation, nor the education to seek a lifestyle other than those of criminals or thieves. Political parties are diverging more from the ordi-nary in these last few years. Yet not even they make a real opposition to the regime. We anarchists make up very few of those in political parties, but

we often use some of their

opposing forces to apply a lit-tle pressure. The parties use terms like "self-management" for their own purposes & ends, and we try to refute their usage. Not because the terms belong exclusively to anarchists, but because they're giving them

but because they're giving them bad meanings.

Finally, I don't have contact with comrades of other states-they haven't sent me much information. I hope someday to join with some In Caracas, the capitol. I hope them write as soon. they write me soon.

For the international anar-

chist movement! Down with the nuclear threat!

Health to my comrades of the Columbia Anarchist League G.P., Nucleo Anarquista Gaviota San Mateo, Venezuela

#### Swedish translation

I read your paper, Anarchy, sometimes. I would like to improve this by subscribing.

Once I came across a text

yours called "As We See It!" If it is possible would you send me (us) this text--we would like to translate it to our language (Swedish) if you don't mind!.... Warm wishes from a cold

L.K., Lund, Sweden

#### Charge my battery

Dear Sirs and Ladies.

I am a 64-year-old grand-mother, RN, and Chaplain. Your mother, RN, and Chaplain. Your paper was put on my lawn unsollcited. I was shocked that such a group exists. You may feel you are trying to save the world, but 2,000 years ago, Jesus, my Lord, died for the sins of the world, to change men's hearts, and He is still being rejected today (Editor's note: Thank God for that!) In order to change the world we order to change the world we must start with individual hearts. When an unregenerate battery is used, no car is going to start!
So mankind is unregenerate,

and by accepting Christ's love and sacrificial and vicarious death on the cross, a man or woman becomes alive. He or she therefore has a new life. Whatever that person does, if that person reads the Bible and prays, he will become the salt of the earth, a light on a dark hill. Russia's revolution was anarchy against the kings, but anarchy against the kings, but it set up its own Politburo of miniature kings, etc. Stalin was a Catholic priest, yet he murdered over 21 million persons, but he was an unregene rate man. Without a personal knowledge of Jesus Christ all men are miniature dictators.

I am enclosing literature OUTRAGEO, DISHONOURED, to help you see the Light.

Please do not send me any more papers, as the pictures and cuss words offended me. Some of your facts were, or I should say could be true but only Christ is the Life.

Yours truly, F.S., Columbia, MO.

#### Lev repents

and I should get down and crawl at his stinking feet—hell, I'm not even good enough to lick his slimy toe-jami Lord, let me be your most abject slave, your most demented, pathetic, decorticate appendage! Only then can I be truly happy! in the lobotomized bliss you'll provide for me. I know I can trust you to erase any negative thoughts from my poor, short-circuited brain. Only when I can do your complete bidding with no more lingering con-sciousness of my own human existence will I truly comprehend your glory. Until then Lord, if I think of you as the most despicable invention of the human mind in Its weakest mo human mind in its weakest mo-ment, please don't think too bad of me. After all, all I need do is look at the disgusting his-tory of your religion and your churches to be thoroughly re-volted by a chronicle of lies, murder, torture, genocide, humi-liation, sadism, superstition, and self-destruction unequalled by any other historical idea or movement (although the world's Marxist-Leninist-whatevers are sure giving the record their best shot). So God, forgive me, but to paraphrase Bakunin, if you really existed, it would be necessary to destroy you.

Warmly, D.M., The Neither/Nor Press.



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Okay! I give up already! Give me a Bible and let me pray! I know I'm guilty in the eyes of the Lord. I'm a sinner

#### Cooperation the key

Lev Chernyi,
Thanks for the summer
Issue of Anarchy. We especially
appreciated the Gentle Anarchist insert. Cooperation is the key to the future--Propaganda by deed!....

Ann Arbor, MI.

## Letters

"Undoubtedly, when you see an El Salvadoran, an African or a Palestinian bound in chains or trussed in ropes you recognize it to be the political terrorism it is.

Unfortunately, I guess a woman screaming still sounds to you like your pleasure and entertainment.









#### Damn good

Picked up an issue of Anarchy off the floor at a hardcore concert. Damn, you guys are good. Put me on the subscription list.

A.S., St. Louis, MO.

#### Good brain food

Folks, Thanks for the subscription Thanks for the subscription and the back issues...good brain food being quickly digested!
Especially enjoyed Alf Sprack's "Playing for keeps" in number

I was turned on to your journal by E.B. Maple and the Flith Estate gang, whose paths I briefly crossed while in a De-

trolt R&R band.
Your publications both
have a straight-forward way of
observing and pondering without rhetoric, but with an underlying strain of optimism. It's a good balance to my own bleaker view of the future.

So I'll continue to try to sift some truth out of the haze of deception just in case we get a break (or make one)! "It can't happen here" (but

it has).

J.T., Royal Oak, MI.



#### Autogestionaria

Anarchy, Hello! I send a copy of my 'zine. I hope it's right for a copy of yours. I'm very in-terested in political punk ide-ology. I'm anarchist, too. Bet-ter, say autogestionaria (I think in English it might be something like self-management). That is to say that anarchy is for living today the best way possi-ble, trying to create self-management in as many activities as you can, I'm working



In an independent co-operative, here. And doing many activities like the zine, a band, monthly meetings in a park, and propaganda & demos against police abuse. I can send info about this country if you're interested and are so lucky as to understude and farely here. In an independent co-operative. understand my English!
Thanks beforehand,
P.M., Buenos Aires, Argentina

P.S. We're working on a library with publications from abroad and locally.

(Editor's note: an excerpt from an article in P.M.'s zine con-cerning anti-police demos ap-pears below.)

#### Wonderful people

You wonderful people at C.A.L. are the hippest of any I've come across. Please send your publication to me for a long time....

I love you.

My family loves you The anarchists I work with love you.

Thanks again. F.R., Minneapolis, MN.

#### "R" for reactionary

Dear editor,
Nope, we won't declare
Anarchy pornographic for reprinting the irving Klaw bondage
shots like you're "hopping" for,
But, you do get a rating of "Re
for Reactionary for confusing,
for Reactionary for confusing,
the confusion of th

Undoubtedly, when you see an El Salvadoran, an African or a Palestinian bound in chains r trussed in ropes you recog-lize It to be the political terorism it is. Unfortunately. guess a woman screaming still sounds to you like your pleasure and entertainment

Hey, I love sodomy too! But we can he pro-sex without advocating the pornographic ideo logy. Let's stop excusing men's

sophist (Sophist: A weaver of lies or someone who lies through their teeth.) magazines as art and free, creative speech instead of the corporate propaganda it is. Let's expect real dialogue and discussion from media publishers about sexuality Instead of the present indiscri-minate consumption of fetishized images controlled by sex capi-

And while I'm at it, bravo to those fantastic Columbia wo-men and men who took part in the shirt-free picnic at Peace Park. They Illustrate perfectly how we can move beyond porno-





Nikkl Craft

graphers' exploitation of women and nudity to a real acceptance and nudity to a real acceptance and empowerment of our own bodies. Lastly, let's ask all these rich white boys (Hef, Guccione and Flynt) why they never take off their own clothes. I mean really. Anar-chists are too smart to buy that bill of goods!

Let's Let the pornogra-phers off our backs and put sexuality back into our own hands (and our friends and part-ners hands too, of course). Nikki Craft, Citizens for Media

Responsibility Without Law, Oshkosh, WI.

P.S. Nope we don't support laws that would keep you from running any photo. In fact, to show the world what a really "rebel" publication you are why don't you run a photo of two black men langing from a tree and smiling about it. Look to Larry Flynt as your example. But then your good taste would probably keep you from doing that anyway. Right?

#### Badguy responds

"The chief enemy of creativity is 'good taste'"--Pablo Picasso

Nikki Craft's letter should have been addressed to me, since I take full and sole responsibility for what appears in "The Bad-guy report."

guy report."

In the last issue I wrote:

"The Postal Inspection Servlce took a look at our paper
and decided we hadn't violated
a section of the law which forbids the mailing of 'obscene and
crime inciting materials. crime-inciting materials. It's kind of embarassing to report that we didn't make the grade.

It was exactly 30 years ago...that the Postoffice Department denied the use of the mails to Irving Klaw. Klaw was described as 'one of the nation's largest dealers in pornographic material.' We are reprinting some photos which RE/-SEARCH magazine calls typical examples of Klaw's photographs

In hopes of being declared 'por-nographic' as well."

The Irving Klaw photos are published again on this page for readers who missed them last

Nikkl Craft, seeing these Nikil Craft, seeing these plctures of a woman tied with rope, is outraged and is quick to call me a reactionary and to make a series of assumptions about where I'm coming from I will try to sort out the Issues

she raises. ty obvious to most readers what I was saying with the text and photos. Censorship of any kind is stupid. It assumes that allow-ing people to read or view what they choose to is dangerous. The government calls materia which arouses lust in the viewer "pornographic," The silliness of this standard is belied by, among other things, the fact that photos which were assumed to be lust-arousing 30 years ago are thought of as a turn-on by hardly anyone today. The fact that the government has prohibited photos like these from the mail makes a laughing-stock of government censors and suggests that censors in the control of that censorship has no place in a free society.

Nikki calls me a reaction

ary and says: "I guess a woman screaming still sounds to you like your pleasure and entertainment." But what do YOU, ment." but what do 100, reader, guess I might find appealing about these pictures? Is it that a woman is screaming, being raped, tortured or humiliated? No. I think these picated? No. I think these pic-tures are interesting from two perspectives—on their own terms, and in a socio-historical context. On a literal level, I see two women playing domi-nance and submission games. They are being naughty, a little kinky and having fun. The phekinky, and having fun. The photos are a fictional representa-tion of something that happen frequently, a joyful sexual en-counter between consenting partners. Whether It's your preference or not, it's true that a

## The police are the backbone of democracy!

### Vote for repression!

course, we didn't get anywhere. December 27: Another demonstration against police abuse--

Editor's note: The following getting rid of the ridiculous information is excerpted from laws that control our lives, an Argentine punk anarchist 'zlne published in Buenos Aires the forefront-punx, anarchists, an Argentine punk anarchist
'Ine published in Buenos Aires
In order to help give our readers some idea of the current
situation and level of activities
In order to help give our readers some idea of the current
situation and level of activities
In order to help give our readers some idea of the current
situation and level of activities
I aws and this time we had a
there. We hope to be able
to publish more up-to-date information on South American
enarchists in future issues.

All of the public device of the
aloution of the police decits
and "background checks." Of
course, we didn't get anwhere.

I steep and sidewalks. There
to ward the Obelisk, blocking
course, we didn't get anwhere. the street and sidewalks. There the symbolic grand finale took place-raising the black flag on

the pole in the plaza. During all this the cops were lying in wait and they attempted to interfere when a group split off to LaValle. There, without the excuse of the demonstration, they acted. There were..., shouts blows, chases and arrests (4 minors who were released the same day, and 2 adults who remained in custody

with 4 charges against them for 30 days)...

The apparently negative results of this action (arrests, disorganization, sensationalist articles in the press) don't have to slow us down. Like

all actions that we do for our rights, they are worth the trouble.

Attention: Since April we have had demonstrations about this issue, and we will continue. Background checks: Violation of the minimal constitutional rights of the citizen. Allows the police to detain any citizen in any situation and hold them for 24 hours until an investigation of their papers is

the constitution) These rules the constitution) linese rules infringe on our right to dress, play, love, drink, dance and move freely. People caught breaking these laws, besides having to endure the usual abuse, are toys of the police and may spend 30 days imprisoned. The cop is jailer and



fair number of women enjoy lesbian S&M sex. I don't think images showing women having a good time while breaking social

taboos are degrading.

At the same time I can't pretend to know nothing of the socio-historical context. Le. the reality behind the production of the photos. The pictures were set up by a photographer who paid these women to put on matching underwear and get in the positions that he or she dictated. The photos were sold, prohably to mostly men, who presumably masturhated while looking at them. That social reality is also part of the Irony of the photographs. It is hard to imagine ANYONE masturbating with these photos. But they did...and one reason that these rather silly photos had an erotic component in 1956 was that all kinds of sexual imagery and ex-pression had been forhidden. So the archalc charm of these pho-tos comes from a sense that the parameters of sexual repression have changed dramatically since 1956, that they are artifacts of a hygone era.

Commercial pornography
is a lie which reveals a sad is a lie which reveals a sad truth--that sexual repression is still with us. (This idea is de-veloped in "Fros denled; a cul-ture against untouchables" in ANARCHY #7.) Yet rather than attempting to comprehend and critique the last "Badguy report," Nikki Craft's letter reeks with the mentality of a censor. Since i don't to her sexual ideal, she gives ANARCHY a rating of R for reactionary. On the basis of four photos taken out of context, she proceeds to accuse me of "advocating pornographic ideology," "of confusing restraint and bondage with sexual freedom and liberation," and of freedom and liberation," and of getting "pleasure and entertainment" in hearing "a woman screaming," She tries to guilttip me by suggesting that my "GOOD TASTE" would keep me from running "a photo of two black men hanging from a tree and smiling about it," while my sexism supposedly keeps me from seeing that the photos I publish-

re in bad taste.

What is lost in this inquisition is any sense of subtlety or context. Nikki condemns sition is any sense of subtlety or context. Nikki condemns with the category of womantied-with-a-rope in the same way the Leglon of Decency condemned movies for "suggestive costuming." As such her letter serves as a example of antiserves as an example of antiporn IDEOLOGY--quicker to use preconceptions to condemn than to deal with complexity and ambiguity. Her language is the language of either/or, of "Good"

All of this is a shame, Nikki, because you and I agree that male sexual violence against women is a serious problem that will only be solved by radical cultural change. We ee that free sexuality will lead to the demise of the sex for profit industry. But if I told you I wanted to be tied, teased 'til I couldn't stand it anymore, and then sucked, would you tell me: "Hey, I love sodomy too, but that's not fun, that's bondage."

#### Sick puppy

Hey you Sorry Anarchists,

I read your filthy piece of trash this is the party animal again. I think you all are some sick puppies. I read your arti-cle on sexual liberation but as far as I'm concerned a fag is a fag and a girl that eats pussy is still a lesbian and also a girl that runs around without a top that runs around without a top on deserves to be raped or she should just give up some pussy freely. Because I'm human I get a big oi' hard-on right ou the spot and I don't like to be teased. But I like reading your filthy rag I always wipe my ass with it when I run out of foller. with it when I run out of toilet paper. Now show me you the balls to print this.

Yours truly,

Party Animal, Columbia, MO.

#### Badguy replies

it's great that people can experience mutual sexual plea-sure with one another regardless

of how they do it.

Women should be able to cover or uncover their breasts they please without being

Why do such simple ideas make you so angry? My guess is it's because you are a very lonely man who feels alot of tonety man who feels alor of pain. I know what it feels like cause I've been there too. I know it's hard to stop feeling sorry for yourself and to begin to love. I wish you luck.

#### New Blanks single

Dear Anarchy friends, Here's the second Blanks single with assorted flyers cover-ing some of our more recent activities, including our continuing struggle against the plan-ned world's largest inclnerator in our already quite polluted backyard. We think this fight Is of national importance; we are at that pivotal point in opting for trash separation and recycling or more death plants and land fill (which becomes more toxic thanks to the remaining ash in these trash burning plants). So if there's no room to mention our new single, then please give a word or two about this issue, if at all possi-

Incidentally, "Say can you see/Where there's smoke" is available through our PO box (Blanks, POB 1010, Birmingham, MI. 48012) for \$2.75, which includes postage and info on the incinerator (and our band)...

It may sound cliched but

your paper helps inspire us with each edition. Thanks for every-

Yours in solidarity, Bill Blank, Birmingham, Ml.

#### Say can you see

American youth Potential work force You feel confused But can't identify the source

It's in the news It's today's lesson plan At the age of eighteen You can be an American man

Oh say can you see? You can't get a girl Can't even make the football team But you could be first

string In camouflage green Prove yourself in the combat fraternity Say you've seen what no

one's seen
Oh say can you see? War is mystified With cinematic terrors You're being conned For future casket bearers But it's more than

Hollywood They make us hypnotized They make us hypnot For what isn't real Just isn't realized Oh say can you see? We're going to unite ourselves

Under a new bravery 1.et's free ourselves From this patriotic slavery Oh say can you see?
The Blanks

#### Pro-life "facts"

Editor. Rare today is the public

medium in which one can get down-to-earth facts on the pro-life/pro-choice question. I shall provide some on at least one

The pro-lifers are the only ones who provide an appreciable help to pregnant destitute single women who choose to keep their babies. Through agencies called Crisis Pregnancy Centers, they provide free room and board, plus other services for board, plus offer services for these women. In any town where you find an active pro-life group you will probably find a Crisis Pregnancy Center. This the pro-lifers do exclusively through personal out-of-pocket donations, for pro-lifers do receive one penny of govern-ment funds for giving this aid. This is surely the doing of the deed. No pro-choice group is known to provide such aid as this, despite millions in government aid which at least one large pro-choice group receives. Adding to the general ob-

lifers are subjected to a guilt by-association tactic which links the movement falsely with Ronald Reagan, Jesse Helms and others, who, to date, have been of little service to the pro-life movement. This guilt-by-association tactic causes the general public to blithely overlook the equally vast and bitter reactionfism on the pro-choice side: Larry Flynt, Hugh Hefner, all the cat-house capitalists, the Rockefeller oil capitalists, the Ford Motor capitalists, virtually all employers, the government of Russia, the government of China, the caste system of India --these are all pro-elective-abortion. The pro-abortion American Civil Liberties Union defends the Nazis and the KKK, though nobody has ever made it clear what is so liberal about cutting down on the number o black people. What's exactly what the Nazis and the KKK

fuscation is the fact that pro-

seek to do. Public attention should also be focussed on the 12-page also be focussed on the 12-page court injunction which one pro-choice group now seeks to im-pose on all pro-life picketing, pose on all pro-life picketing, which injunction, if imposed, can well serve as a precedent for the banning of peace demos, civil rights demos and labor strikes, after whose tactics se of the pro-life movement

are copied.

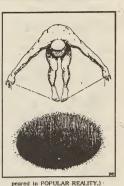
In answer to charges of arson at abortion clinics, it should be remembered that capitalists at times burn their own businesses down to collect the insurance and get the arson blamed on their opponents, and, in fact, one capitalist some times burns a rival out. An charge of arson should be backed by evidence beyond a reasonable doubt, and all evidence should be published along with the charge. Nothing be-yond reasonable doubt has yet shown up except such things as may have been copied from the Plowshares and Pruning Hooks groups, and, to these groups, I for one, contribute as I can....

In amity to all George La Forest, Rockford, II.. P.S. Will you please ask your readers to write letters for a stay of execution for Jim

Trimble (prison # 161658) to the Governor of Maryland, and also to write to Mr. Trimble himself at 954 Forrest St., Bal-timore, MD. 21202....

#### Haymarket revisited

Ili. I like your paper alot.
The Haymarket Pilsen march
coverage though had a bunch of mistakes--which is okay except there's one possible bad infer-ence concerning myself. I'm the person you refer to as a "hostage." The "possible bad inference" is when you say "... the cops had their hostages convinced that they would be freed if the march dispersed, so even the hostages began en couraging people to move on... One might read into that that i was telling the march to break up. Not true. I was telling the crowd things like "Hey, just keep on going (wink, wink)" and l pulled over ar number of friends and quietly told them to keep the march moving, but just away from me and Tentatively A. Convenience who was locked in a cop van. I thank the march of course for sticking by. The following comic bit tells the real story. (Editor's note: the following is an ex-cerpt form a letter which ap-



Letters

So at the May I march the Communist Party (the initiators of that march) and the R. C.P.(Editor's note: Revolutionary Communist Party) solit & the anarchists have the street. happen to be at the head of the march when the heat begins to block it. The sergeant com-manding the police unit barks out for us to disperse, etc. and seemed to be directing alot of attention to me--especially as I started to countermand his or ders with my own, like "Fuck you, no way!" So Sarge says you, no way!" So Sarge says
"You're gonna be the first to
be arrested, Buddy," and I say
"Try it, motherfucker," and of course he does. Sarge foolishly grabs this A Superboy, as in the week preceeding Mayday I get in plenty of punch-ups and streetfighting classes, It was easy to wrestle away from hlm (he kept saying "Go ahead & hlt me. Take a swing."!) and I make a run for it. Now what I had done was a very very bad thing and must not go unpunished. I must pay for my evil ways. So another porker nabs me. The gig is up, and I'm cuffed and marched to the ole paddy wagon. Oh well. The thoughts running-through my head at that moment are "Shit, ya gotta be a fuckin' hero" and "I hope mom doesn't find out" and (most importantly) "no partylng tonight!" and also, just plain "sheeet"!

"Sheet":
Well, just before they
shove me into the paddy I sez
to good ole Sarge "Gimme a
break. Yer gonna bust me-for
what?" Sarge sez "We'll let break. Fer going bust me-tor what?" Sarge sez "We'll let you go if you call off the march." So I get confused--Was I the leader of this? But I do some quick thinking anyway; the crowd is mad and coming to my rescue--somewhere around this time Tentatively A. Convenience tries to spring me and they dump him into the wagon & lock the door. I say "Okay"

Continued on back page

We would like to encourage readers to write us in order to open a dialogue both with those who are sympathetic and those who are critical of anar-chist theory and practice. All letters to ANARCHY will be printed with the author's initials unless it is specifically stated that her/his full name may be used, or that s/he wishes to re main anonymous. We will edit letters that are redundant, overly long, unreadable or bor-ing. Address your letters to ANARCHY, c/o Columbia Anarchist League, POB 380, Columbia MO, 65205.

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ANARCHY; a journal of desire armed c/o C.A.L., P.O.B. 380, Columbia, MO. 65205

#### Haymarket continued

to Sarge (smirk) "but you have to let me & the other guy go, otherwise everyone will riot." Sarge tells me not to worry-they dou't want the hassle of the paperwork of a couple of chickenshit arrests. I believe him. I figure these boys wanna

nim. I figure these boys wanna go home, relax, and then beat their wives and stuff. But I do have to tell the crowd something, and, refusing to collaborate with the fuzz on to collaborate with the fuzz on calling the thing off, I figure I can use language that's masked enough to tell the crowd to keep doing their thing, keep marching & we'll catch up at your tail end when the cops see you moving out. So we have the ridiculous spectacle we have the riduculous spectacle of the cops walking me to the middle of everybody and me having to tell people "Yo--keep partying!" but make it sound to the luzz like I'in tellin' 'em to go home. I thought people could clearly infer from what I was saying that they should was saying that they should simply move away and keep on keepin' on. But people initially kept hanging by. Later every-one told me they were just con-fused and/or didn't trust the heat to let us go. Around this time a buddy from home an-nounces to Sarge that if they take me they gotta take him.

I think that made the cops unafter a long day of beating people up to haul us in and beat us up. They wanted to go home, relax and watch Kojak do

If figured it was a good time to have some fun. I said to Sarge, "The crowd will love the source of I figured it was a good

well, hy now the crowd got the hint and started to struggle away. Sarge gave me one last fatherly lecture (to scare us out-a-towners no doubt) on why we should go home be-cause crazies from the bars in the area would probably haul out and start shootin' at us. This NYC boy stared at him

incredulously.

That was about it. They

released me, I caught up to the crowd & said "there's nothin' like being the center of atten-tion," got some laughs, and tion," got some laughs, and marched on with everyone. "b"OB has spoken,

#### B.M., Brooklyn, NY. Bob Black drivel

Dear folks,
Why is it that I keep running up against Bob Black's dri-

ning up against Bob Black's drivel in the anarchist press?

It couldn't be his views or "analysis." He never really says anything interesting, much less coherent. The political and social broadsides and sideswipes are rarely accurate. His nihilism is so thorough that he manages to poison himself with all the other targets of his can't find the point of his "Let us prey" piece (summer '86 issue). What am I missing?

Could it be his apparently irreverent "style"? The cute puns and other forms of intel-lectual masturbation are seldom

So he's a clown and a loose cannon. Who needs it? I'm sure he's got a nice putdown for me (do print it). Please explain what he's good for, if anything. There must be some others out there who've been wondering what to make of his "contributions."

J.S., St. Louis, MO.

#### Lev Chernyi replies

It sounds like you've got more against Bob Black than you're revealing here-else why all the acrimonious, yet relatively empty criticism? It seems quite obvious to me that in 'Let us prey" Black has quite slot to say about both the problems posed by religion and the historical neglect these problems have suffered at the hands of liberals and leftists. You may not appreciate

You may not appreciate what he says, but this is certainwhat he says, out this is certainly different from claiming "He
never really says anything interesting, much less coherent,"
in fact, Bob's "Abolition of
Work" pamphlet which we reprinted in ANARCHY #8 was one of the best received arti-cles we have published. And his hard-hitting "Let us prey" has undoubtedly provoked many readers to more closely examine their religion, or supposed lack of same. If you can formulate



## **AUTHORIT** is the real enemy.

any real and concrete criticisms of what Black has said we'd like to print them. Otherwise, as it stands, your vacuous "put-down" of him hardly serves to

#### God's on our side

I do not want your paper sent to me again I think your ideas stupid. Where do you think you would be today if your forebears had not fought wars for our independence.
Also God looks after his own. I thought your paper (what little I read) nasty, & very sick. You don't deserve to live in our beautiful country.

N.R., Boone County, MO.

#### Handfuls of friends

Hello friends, After having re-read your Feb/March issue, I've decided to...subscribe.

I wish you luck in publishing this paper and would like to congratulate Ralph Franklin to congratulate Ralph Franklin for a well-written article on "The Faces of Terror."

Here in Montreal, as far as anarchist movements go, we are fortunate to have an Alternative Bookshop and of course, Black Rose Books (publishing). But neither one of these groups are more than a handful of friends. I can't help but be pessimistic when I think about the world. I find reading Twain's short stories helps (Mysterious Stranger) and read-

> Good luck. Keep up the good work, H.D., Montreal, Quebec

#### I love 'em!

Hello Lev, Thanks alot for all the

Thanks alot for all the papers. I love 'en!

Enclosed you will find some stamps. I want to help out. I'm glad you took the time to answer my question. Your information was most helpful. Take care and keep fighting! helpful. fighting!

K.A., Goodyear, AZ.

# Notes on Nails WRONG

Just say "no"

Continued from page 3

Make examples out of 'em!

Let them begin to pay for their crimes. Then, if you want to crack down on the piddly numbers of minority-drug users--the relatively few marriuana and LSD nuts--voi can do it without being hypo-critical shit-heads!

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